

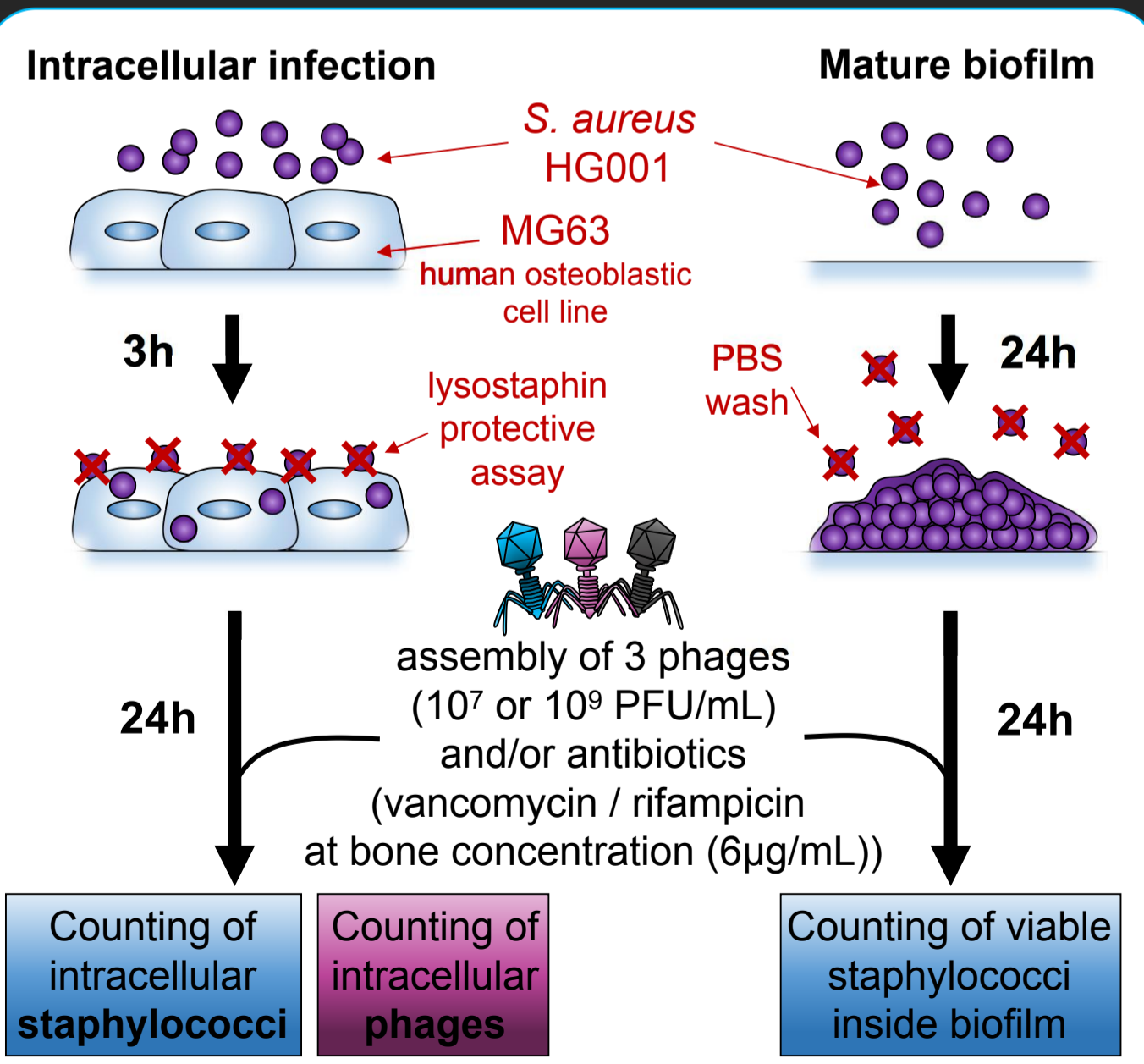
Camille KOLENDA<sup>1,2</sup>, Jérôme JOSSE<sup>1</sup>, Mathieu Medina<sup>3</sup>, Cindy Fevre<sup>3</sup>, Sébastien LUSTIG<sup>4,5</sup>, Tristan FERRY<sup>1,5,6</sup>, Frédéric LAURENT<sup>1,2,6,7</sup>

1. CIRI – Centre International de Recherche en Infectiologie, Inserm U1111, CNRS UMR5303, Ecole Normale Supérieure de Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, Lyon, France. 2. Laboratoire de Bactériologie, Institut des Agents Infectieux, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon, France. 3. Pherecydes Pharma, Romainville, France. 4. Service de Chirurgie Orthopédique et Traumatologie, Hôpital de la Croix-Rousse, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon, France. 5. Service de Maladies infectieuses et tropicales, Hôpital de la Croix-Rousse, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon, France. 6. Centre régional de Référence pour la prise en charge des Infections Ostéo-Articulaires complexes (CRIOAc Lyon), Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon, France. 7. Centre National de Référence des Staphylocoques, Institut des Agents Infectieux, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon.

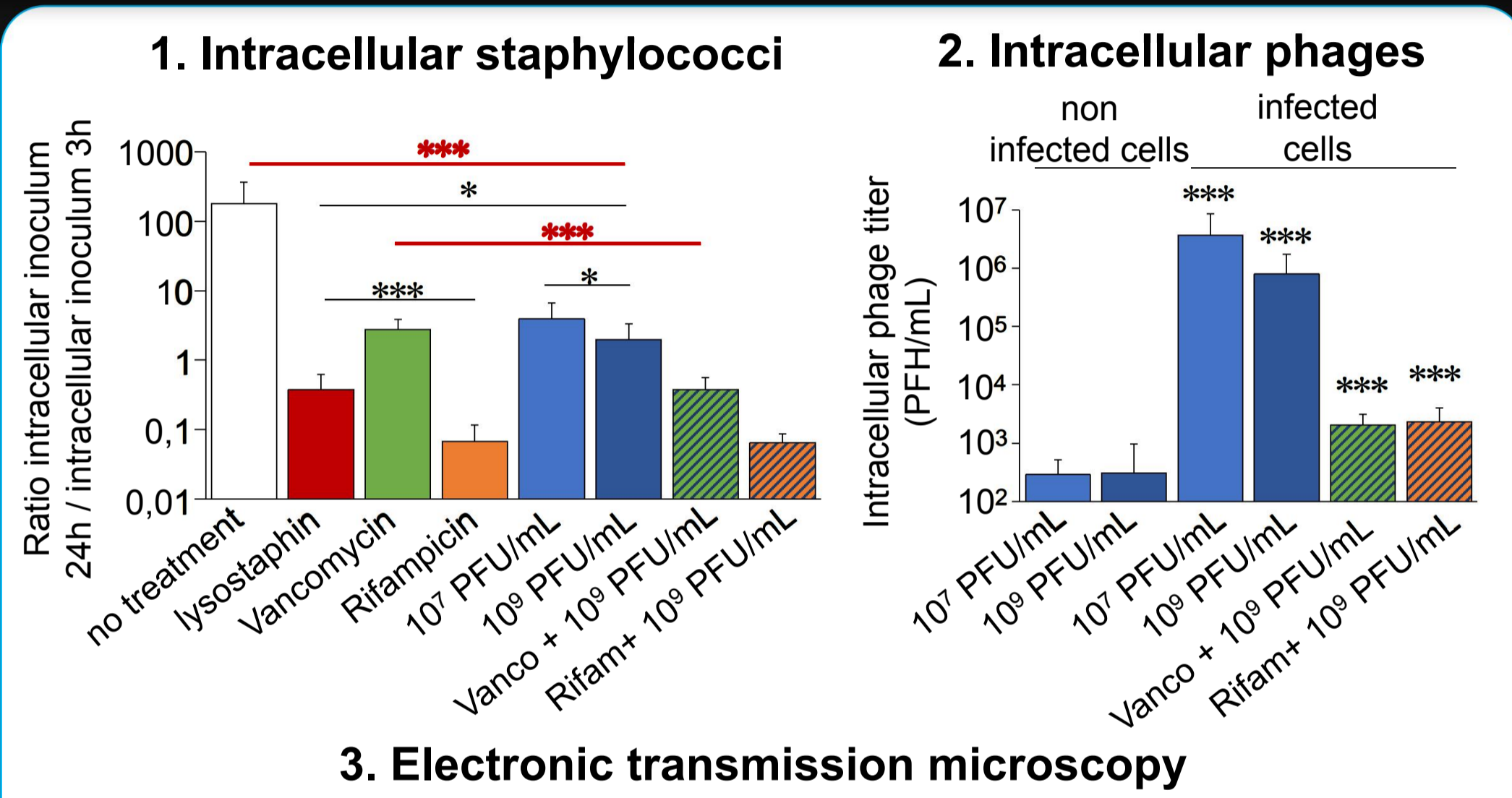
## Introduction

*Staphylococcus aureus* is the first causative agent of **bone and joints infections (BJI)**. It is responsible of particularly difficult to treat infections because of its ability to **form biofilms** and to be **internalized and persist inside osteoblastic cells**. Recently, **phage therapy** has emerged as a promising therapy to **improve the management of chronic BJI**. In the present study, we evaluated the efficacy of an **assembly of three bacteriophages** previously used in a clinical case report (Ferry 2018) against *S. aureus* in **in vitro models of osteoblast intracellular infection and biofilm formation**.

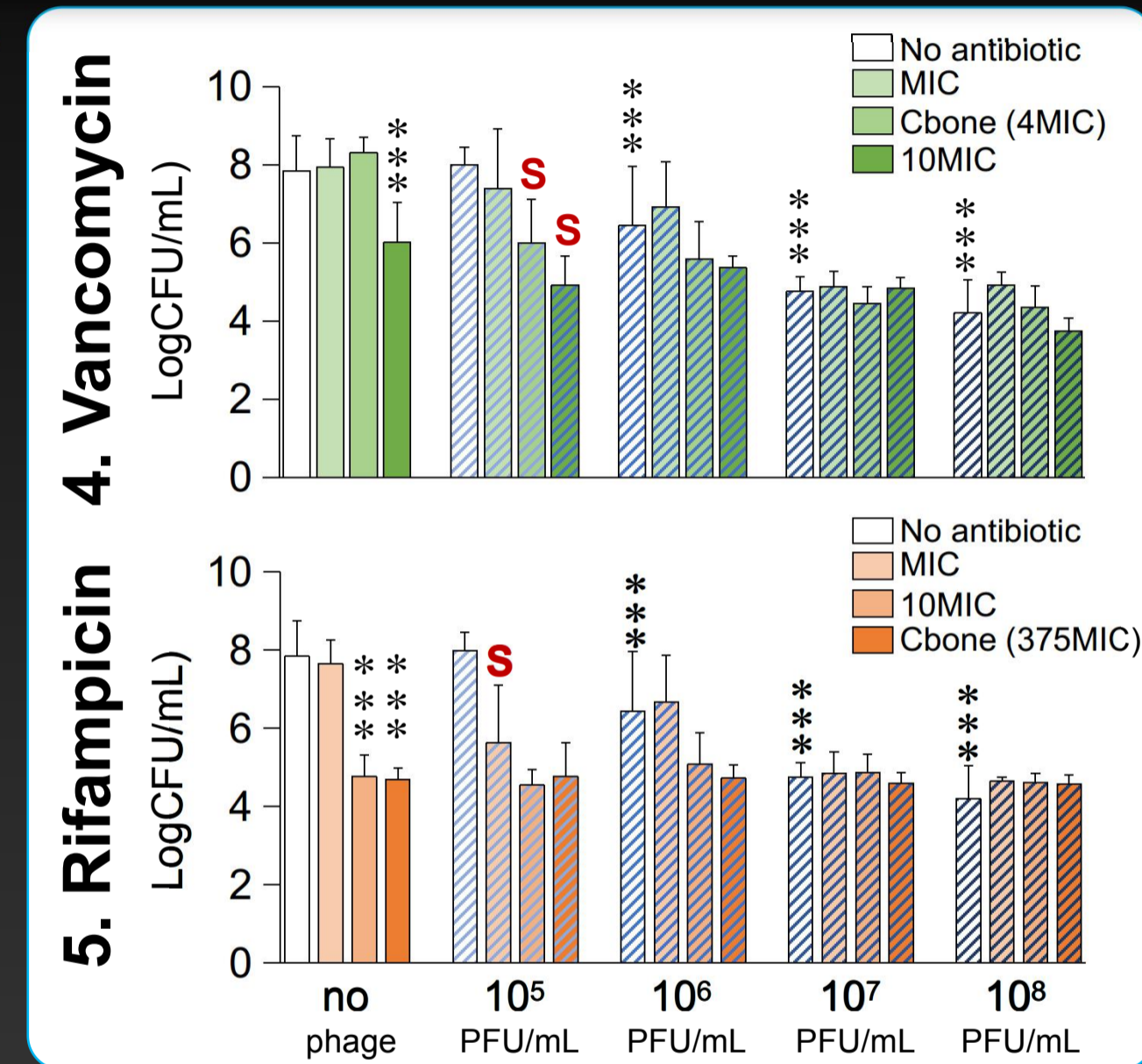
## Material & Methods



## "Intracellular" results



## "Biofilm" results



## Take-home messages

- No observed intracellular effect of phages on intraosteoblastic *S. aureus* (Fig 1)
- But ...**
- Control of extracellular environment when add vancomycin and phages (Fig 1)
- Presence of intracellular phages next to *S. aureus* inside infected host cell (Fig 2 and Fig 3)
- High anti-biofilm effect of phages and synergy when adding antibiotics and phages (Fig 4 and Fig 5)