

Phagothérapie et thérapies dérivées des phages dans les infections bactériennes sévères

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 @FerryLyon 

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Clinical officer ESCMID Study group for Non-Traditional Antibacterial therapy (ESGNTA)

Centre de Référence des IOA complexes de Lyon (CRIOAc Lyon)

Président du Comité Scientifique des CRIOAc 2017-2022



Two major issues, sometimes combined



AMR: Antimicrobial resistance

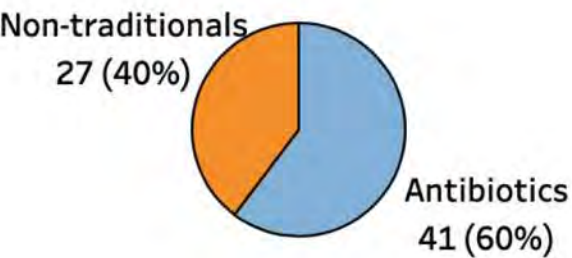
2020 ANTIBACTERIAL AGENTS IN CLINICAL AND PRECLINICAL DEVELOPMENT

an overview and analysis

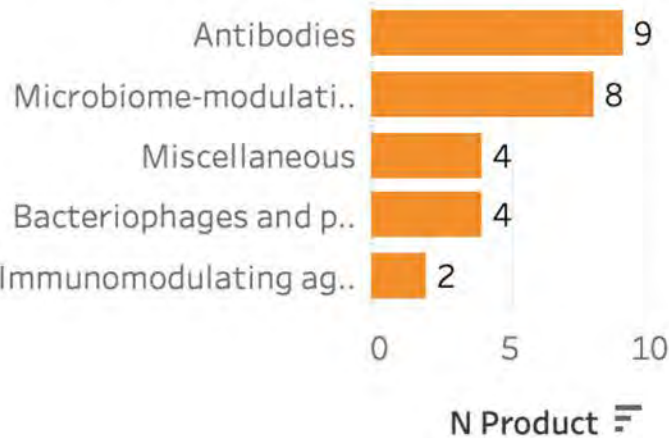


World Health
Organization

A.1. Products by type



A.2. No. of non traditional products by category



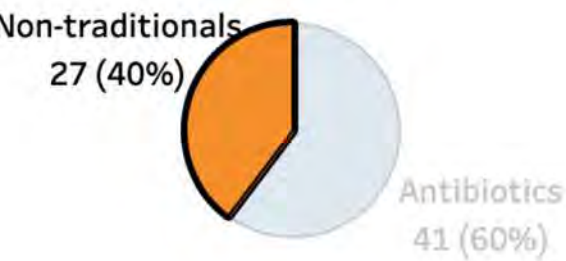
A.3. Products by pathogen category and phase

Pathogen category	Phase I	Phase II	Phase	Unkno..	Total
Priority pathogens	18	15	9	1	43
Mycobacterium tuberculosis	3	9			12
Clostridium difficile	3	8	2		13
Total	24	32	11	1	68

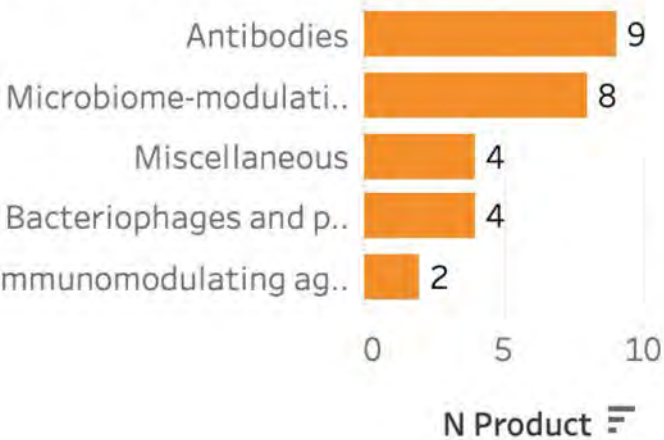
B. Expected activity against priority pathogens

Active?	Critical priority pathogens					Other priority pathogens								Total
	Acinetobacbaumannii	Pseudomoraeruginosa	Enteroba..	All critical priority pathogens	Subtotal	Gram-positive priority p..	Neisseria gonnorrhoe	Helicobact pylori	Staphyloco aureus	Enterococc faecium	Streptococ pneumonia	Campyloba spp.	Subtotal	
Yes	7	7	14	3	21	17	3	2	17	3	2	2	21	38
Possibly	3	3	3	2	6	1	1	1	1	1			2	8
No	12	17	10	17	18	3	7	8	3	7	7	8	10	20

A.1. Products by type



A.2. No. of non traditional products by category



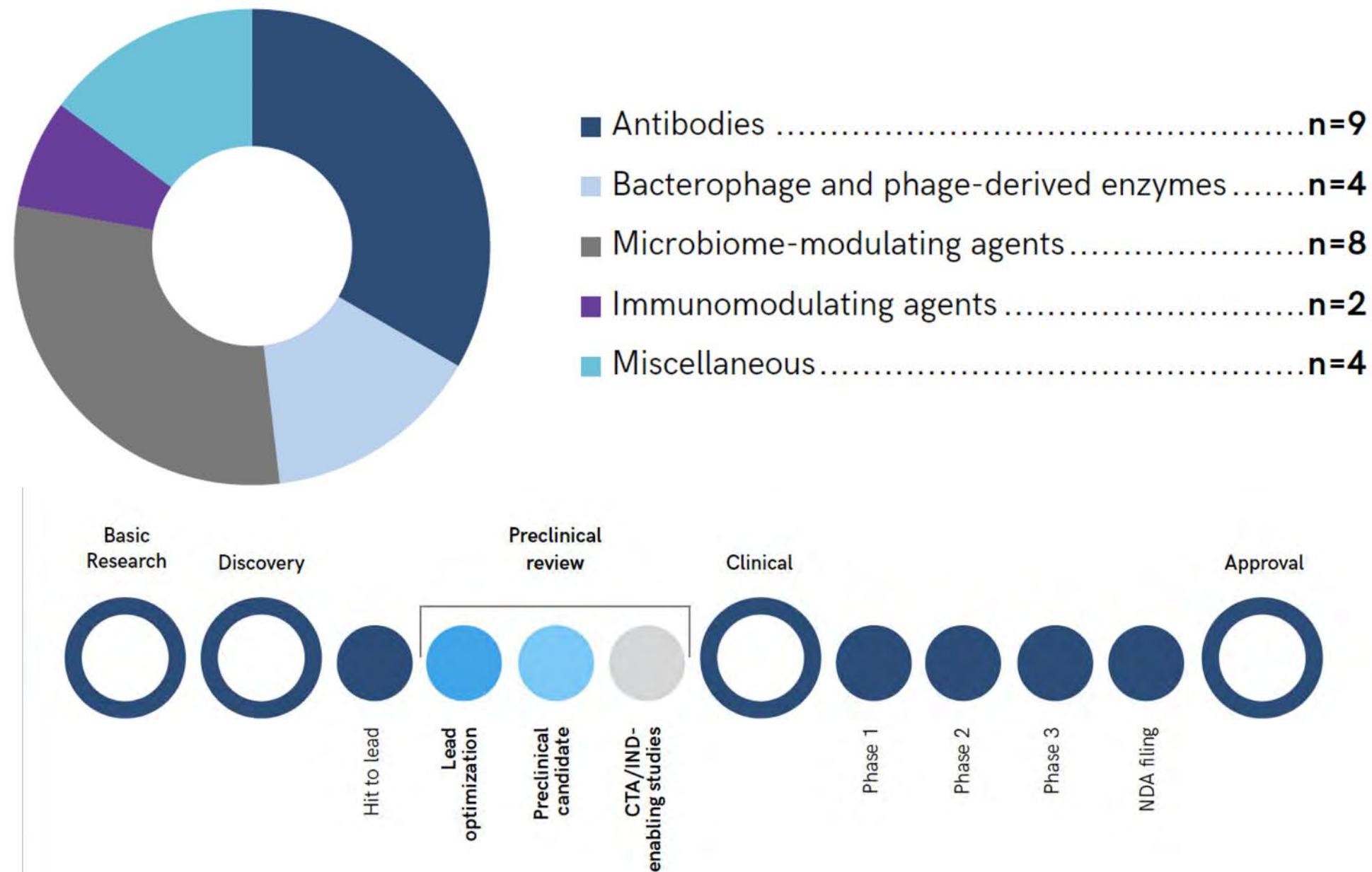
A.3. Products by pathogen category and phase

Pathogen category	Phase I	Phase II	Phase	Unkno..	Total
Priority pathogens	4	11	3	1	19
Clostridium difficile	2	5	1		8
Total	6	16	4	1	27

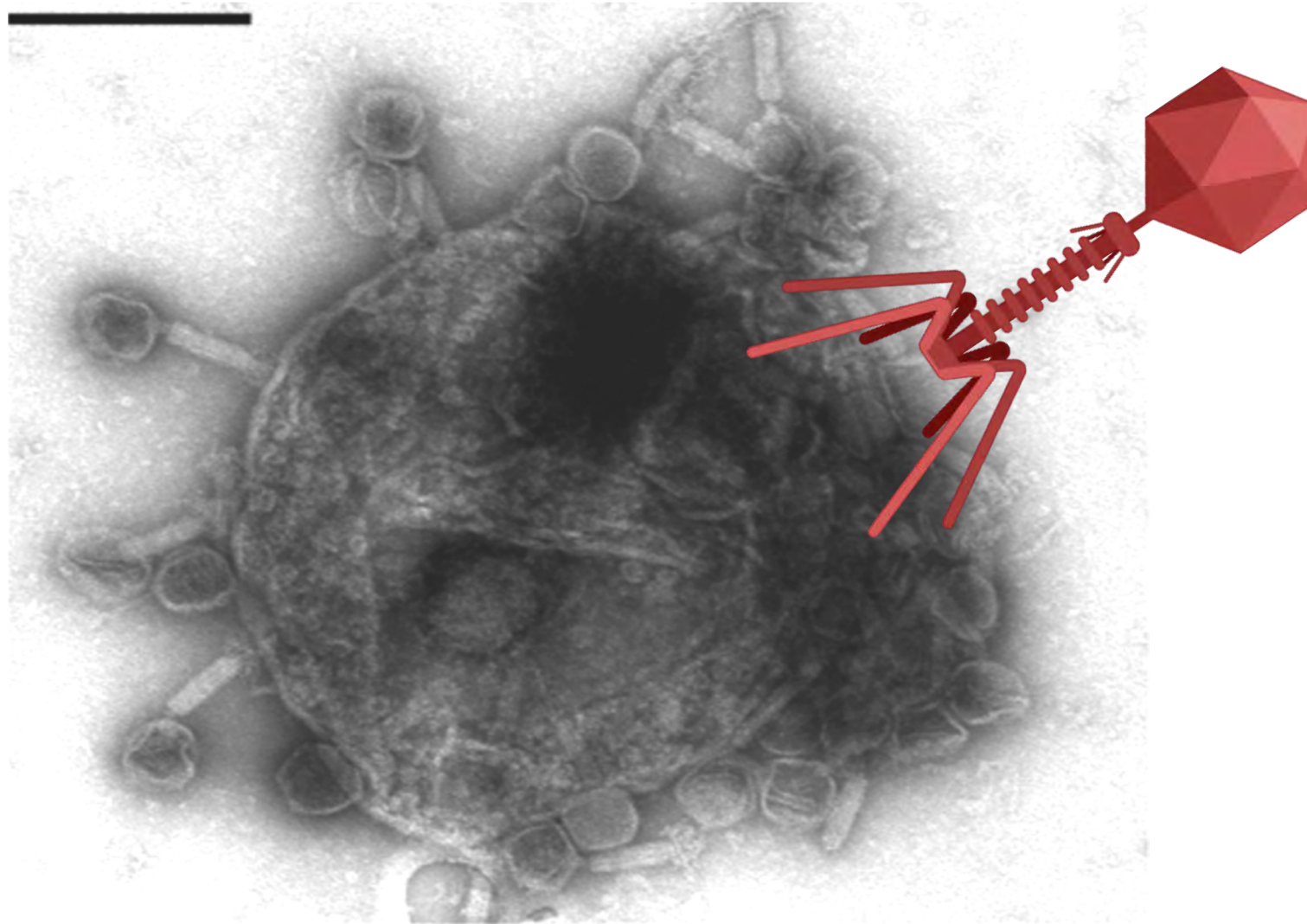
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Yes	1	5	6	1	10	10	1	1	10	2	1	2	12	19

Fig. 7. Number of non-traditional antibacterials in the clinical pipeline.



Bacteria have also their pandemics!



Merabishvili et al. *PLoS ONE* 2009


Bacteriophage Distributions and Temporal Variability in the Ocean's Interior



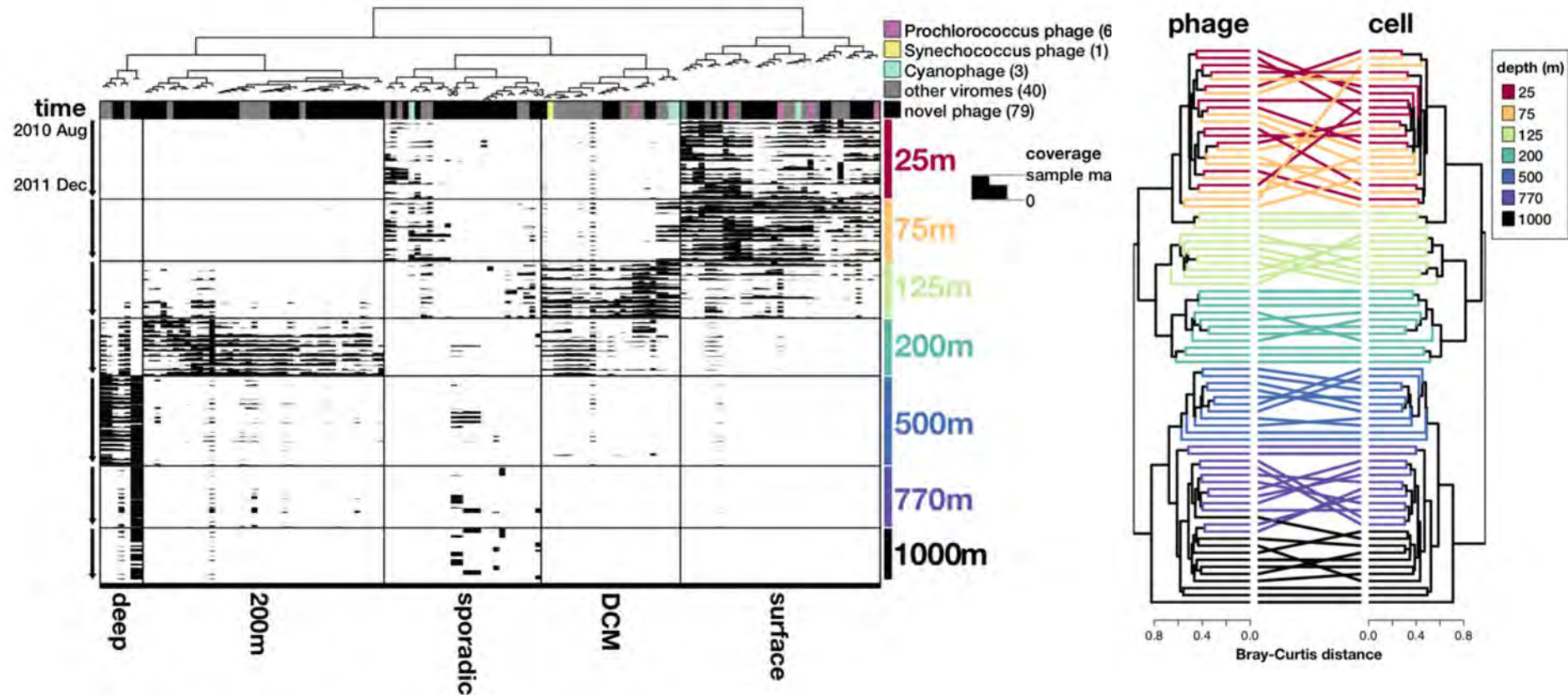
AMERICAN
SOCIETY FOR
MICROBIOLOGY

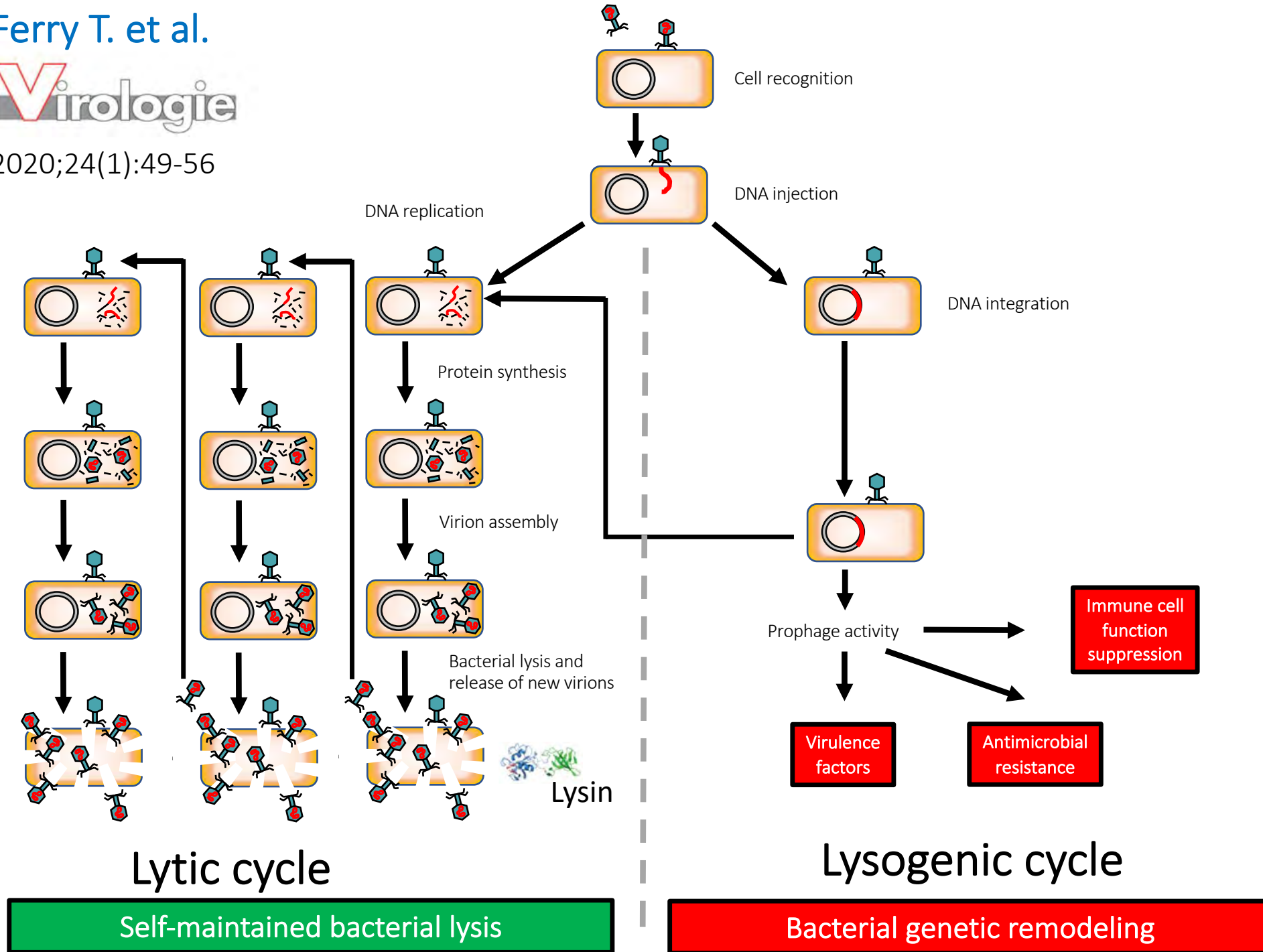


2017

Elaine Luo, Frank O. Aylward,* Daniel R. Mende,  Edward F. DeLong

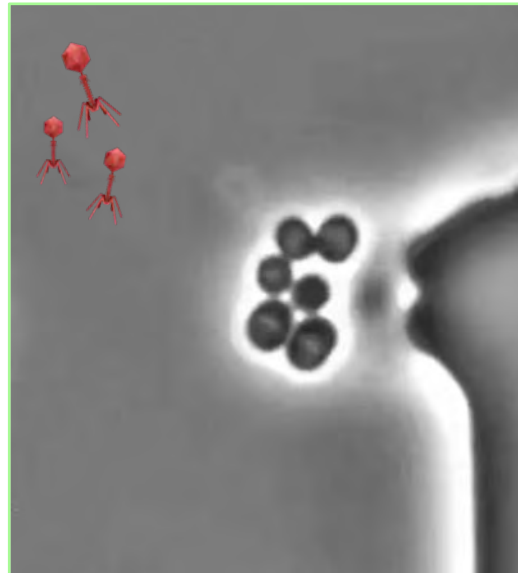
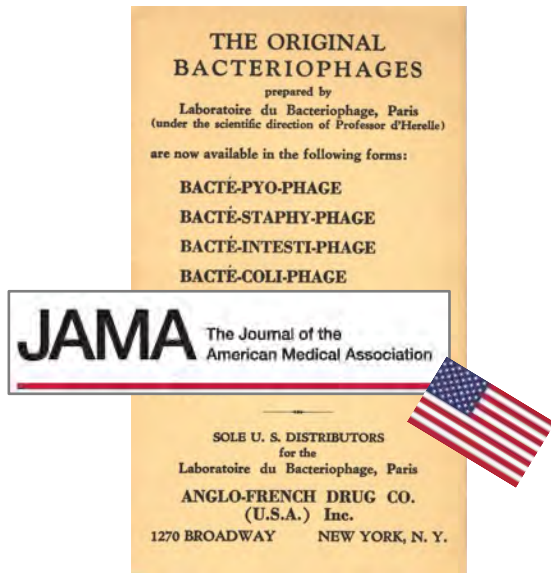
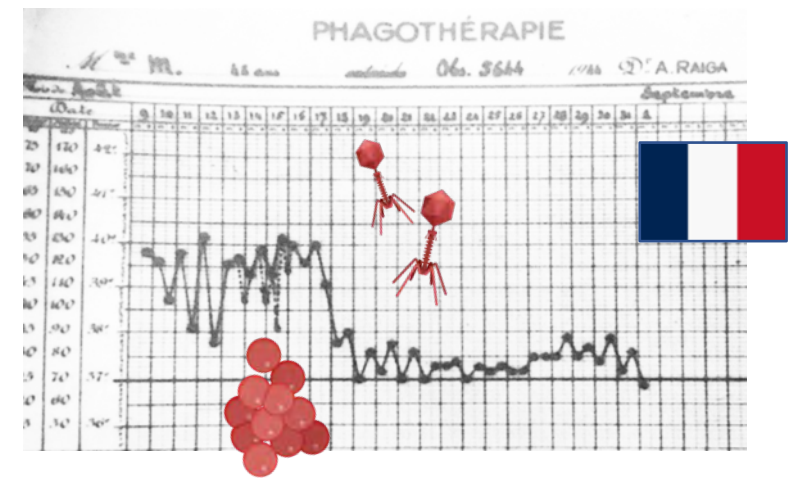
Daniel K. Inouye Center for Microbial Oceanography: Research and Education, University of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii, USA





Phage therapy is fascinating

- Viral therapy for bacterial infections
- Story of phage therapy is connected to worldwide geopolitical events
- Potential incredible preclinical efficacy
- Failure to implement phage therapy in the west



S. aureus being lysed
by the Sa2 phage

Bacterial DNA
appeared in green

Courtesy Pascal Maguin
Luciano Marraffini Lab

THE ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY





Story of phage Therapy

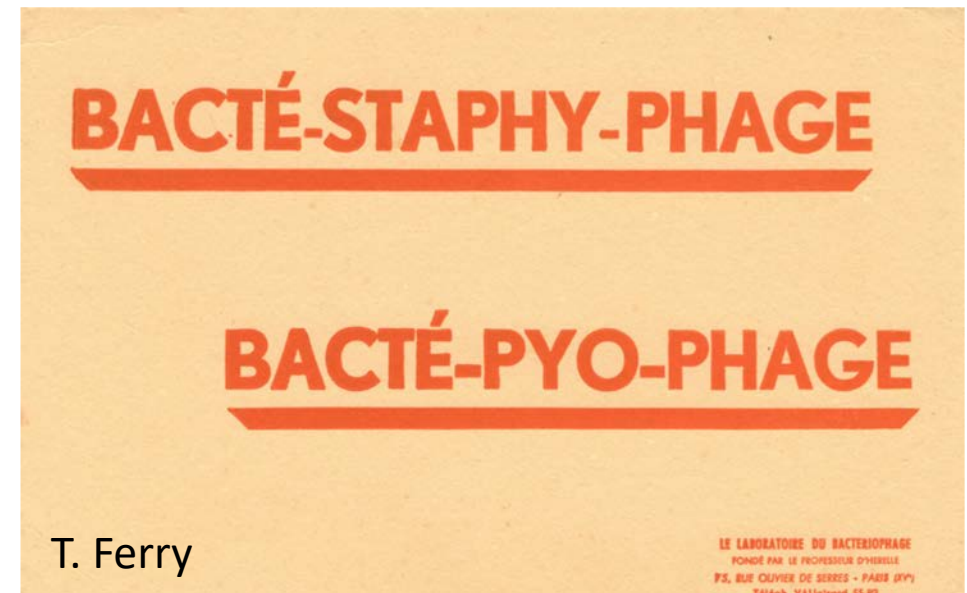


Creation from F. d'Herelle (dismissed from Pasteur Institute):

- Laboratoire du bactériophage (Paris)
- Eliava Center (Georgia)
 - Fixed cocktails to treat digestive-tract infections
 - Fixed cocktails to treat skin and soft tissue infections



T. Ferry



T. Ferry



Eliava Institute (Georgia)

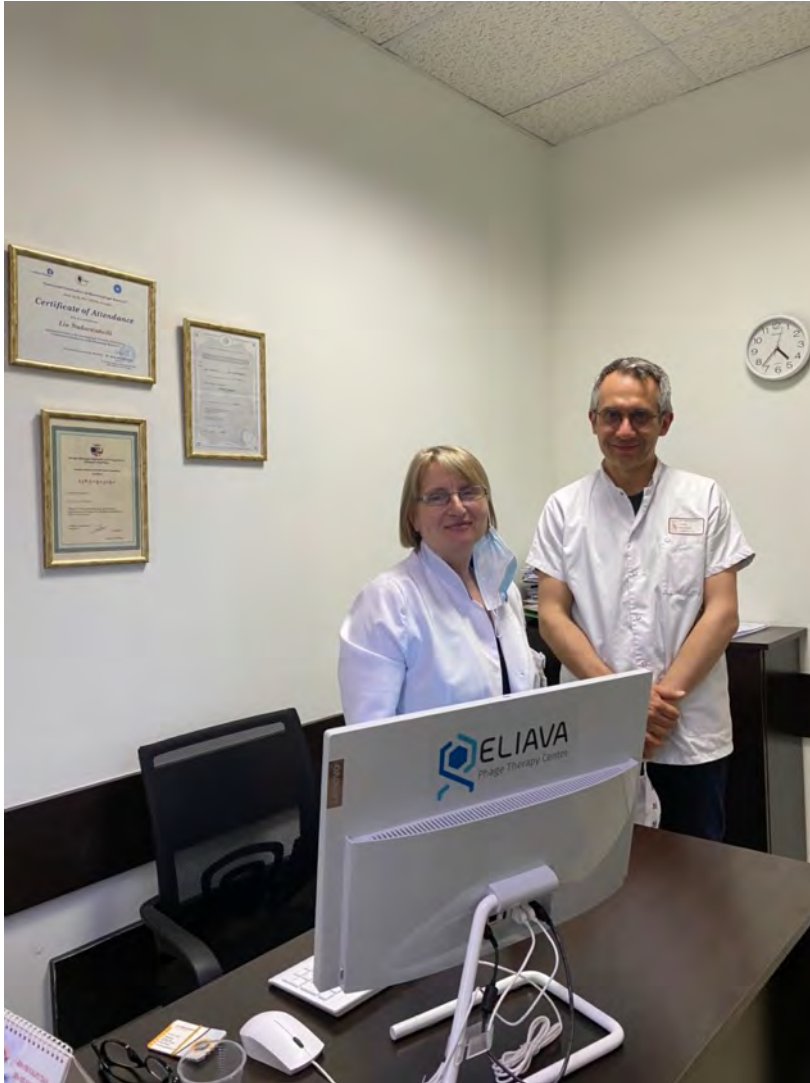


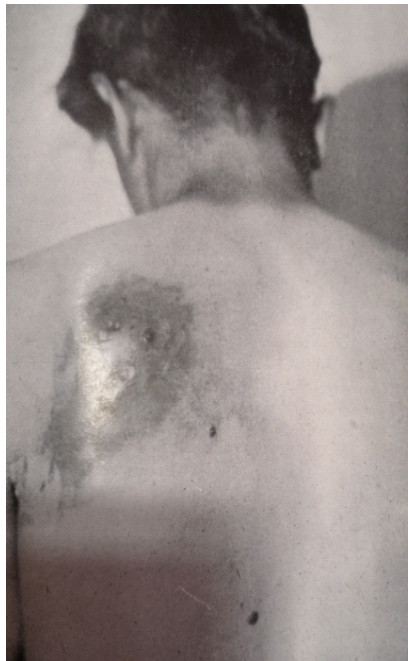
100th anniversary





Eliava Institute (Georgia)





Story of phage Therapy in Lyon



Dr. Emile PESCE

- Medical thesis "Contribution to the study of the treatment of furuncles and anthrax by bacteriophage", 1931



“Need for a microbiological analysis to select the phage, based on its activity on the patient’s strain”

“If microbiological analysis could not be done, use fixed cocktail”

Archives from Ferry T.



Le Journal de Médecine de Lyon

After d'Herelle, The story continued in Lyon

Traitement des infections à bacilles pyocyaniques par des bactériophages adaptés par sélection.

Par MM. André BERTOYE et A.-L. COURTIEU.



Les bacilles pyocyaniques sont fréquemment résistants aux antibiotiques usuels.

Antimicrobial resistance

olitique attribuées semble être en augmentation. Leur caractère rebelle est une de leurs caractéristique différente de l'existence de de stock-bact

**Phage banking
Phage training**

l'adap- l'emploi permet nutritif indispen pouvoir intravein Un cette publication.

**Meningitis
Skin and soft tissue
Bone and joint infection**



Clinique des Maladies Infectieuses, Hôpital de la Croix-Rousse
Hospices Civils de Lyon

1958-1960

HCL
HOSPICES CIVILS
DE LYON



Méningite purulente à colibacilles traitee par un bactériophage adapté intrarachidien

Par MM. P. SEDALLIAN, A. BERTOYE, J. GAUTHIER.
J.-M. MULLER et A.-L. COURTIEU.

Clinique des Maladies Infectieuses et Institut Pasteur de Lyon

Une injection intrarachidienne d'1/10 de centimètre cube n'ayant été suivie d'aucun accident, on commence, dès le lendemain 30 septembre, le traitement aux doses thérapeutiques : 1 centimètre cube de bactériophage intraventriculaire et 1 centimètre cube intrarachidien par vingt-quatre heures. Rapidement, le nombre des éléments du liquide céphalo-rachidien s'effondre à 356 contre 1.800 deux jours auparavant. Dès lors, la situation va s'améliorer très vite et on peut espérer la partie gagnée, malgré la persistance dans le liquide céphalo-rachidien d'un taux d'albumine aux alentours d'un gramme et de 50 à 200 éléments.

A une demande de **M. Roche**, **M. Bertoye** précise que nombre de germes peuvent être dotés d'un bactériophage. Il faut quatre à cinq jours pour l'adaptation du bactériophage : ce ne peut donc pas être une médication d'urgence.

Lyon Med. 1958 Mar 30;90(13):509-12

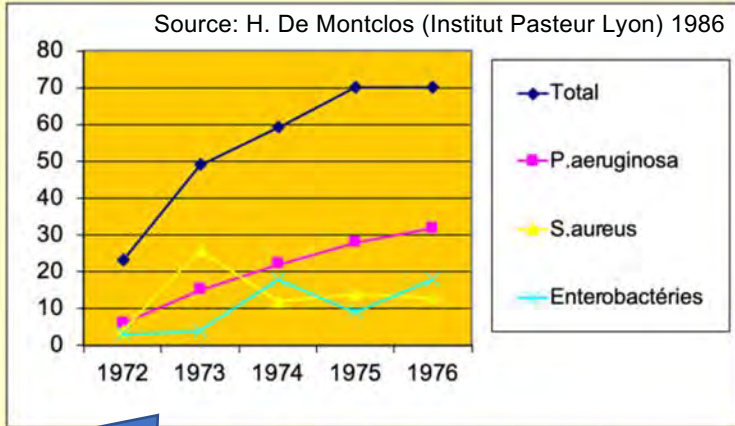


L'INSTITUT BACTÉRIOLOGIQUE

DE LYON

Lyon
Pasteur
Institute

Active and trained
bacteriophages



Technical development
Customisation of treatment
Academic multidisciplinary approach
70 patients/year!

Isolation of the isolates
responsible for the infection



**Infectious
diseases
clinic**

Contemporary

Previous clinical trials have not « failed »

- Most of them were phase I/IIa/IIb and **not phase III**
- Phages are **particular anti-infective agents** (≠ antibiotics)
- Need a **specific** purification process
- Purified phages or phage cocktails are potentially **not stable during time**
- **High specificity** of phages
- Potential need for a **phagogram** (like antibiogram) before treatment



Don't forget the lessons of the past

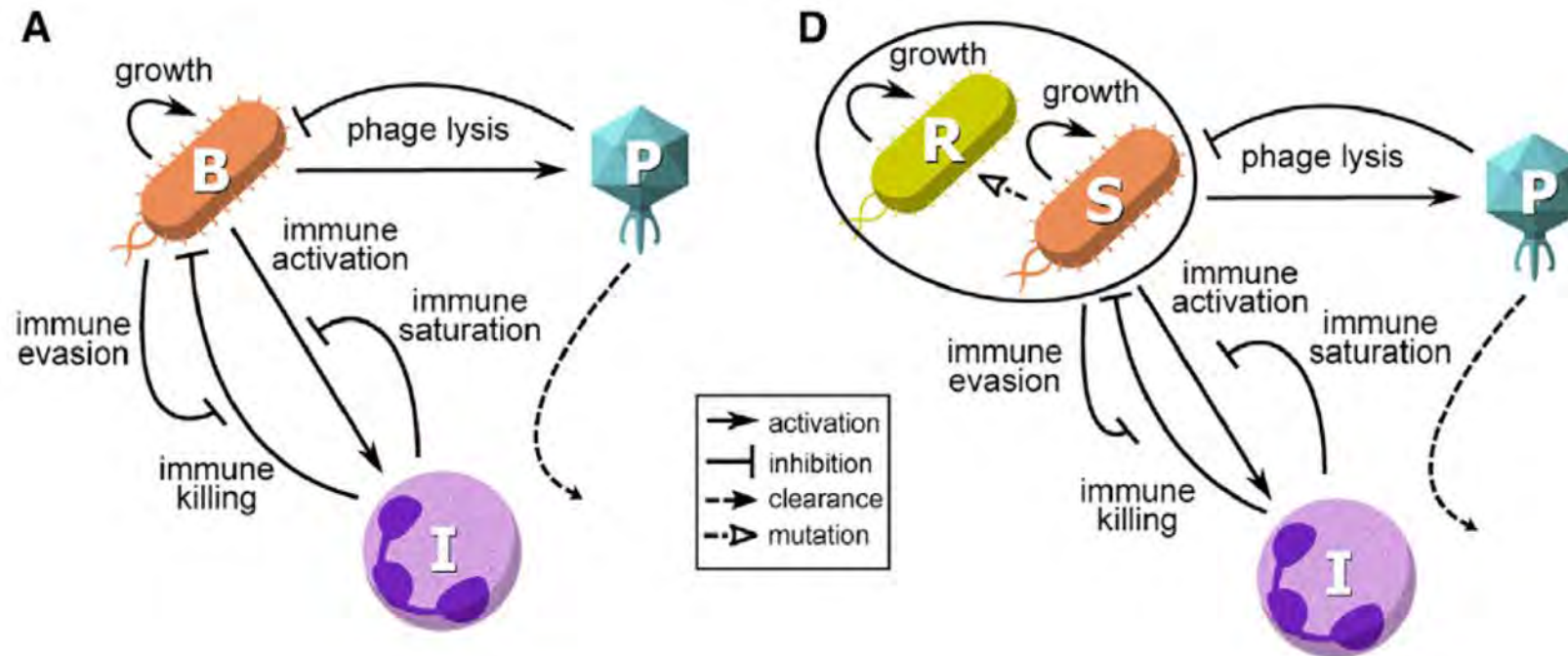
Respect the experience of the East



Cell Host & Microbe

Synergy between the Host Immune System and Bacteriophage Is Essential for Successful Phage Therapy against an Acute Respiratory Pathogen

Roach et al., 2017, Cell Host & Microbe 22, 38–47



The role of the animal host in the management of bacteriophage resistance during phage therapy

Baptiste Gaborieau^{1,2,3} and Laurent Debarbieux¹

Current Opinion in Virology 2023, 58:101290

T. FERRY



KEEP
CALM
AND USE

PHARMACEUTICAL
GRADE
PHAGES

PHAGE
2.0
THERAPY

ESCMID MANAGING INFECTIONS
PROMOTING SCIENCE



ESGNTA

European Society of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases

ESCMID STUDY GROUP
FOR NON-TRADITIONAL
ANTIBACTERIAL THERAPY

Elected Executive Committee:

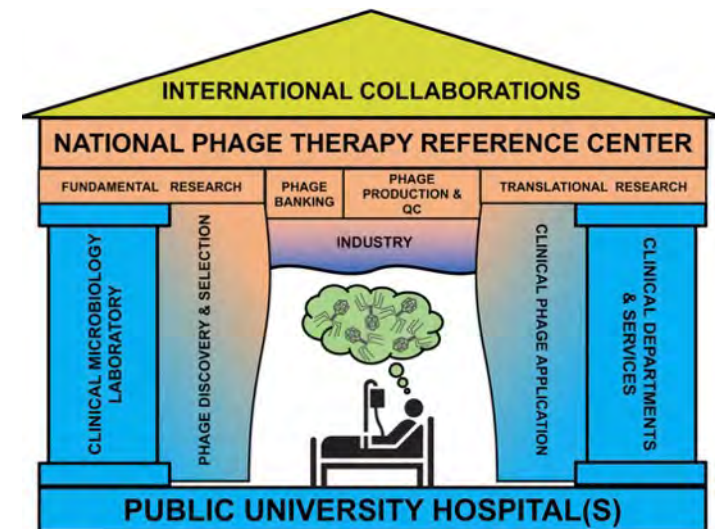
Ran Nir-Paz, Israël

Jean-Paul Pirnay, Belgium

Clinical officer: Tristan Ferry, France

Shawna Mc Callin, Switzerland

Zuzanna Drulis-kawa, Poland

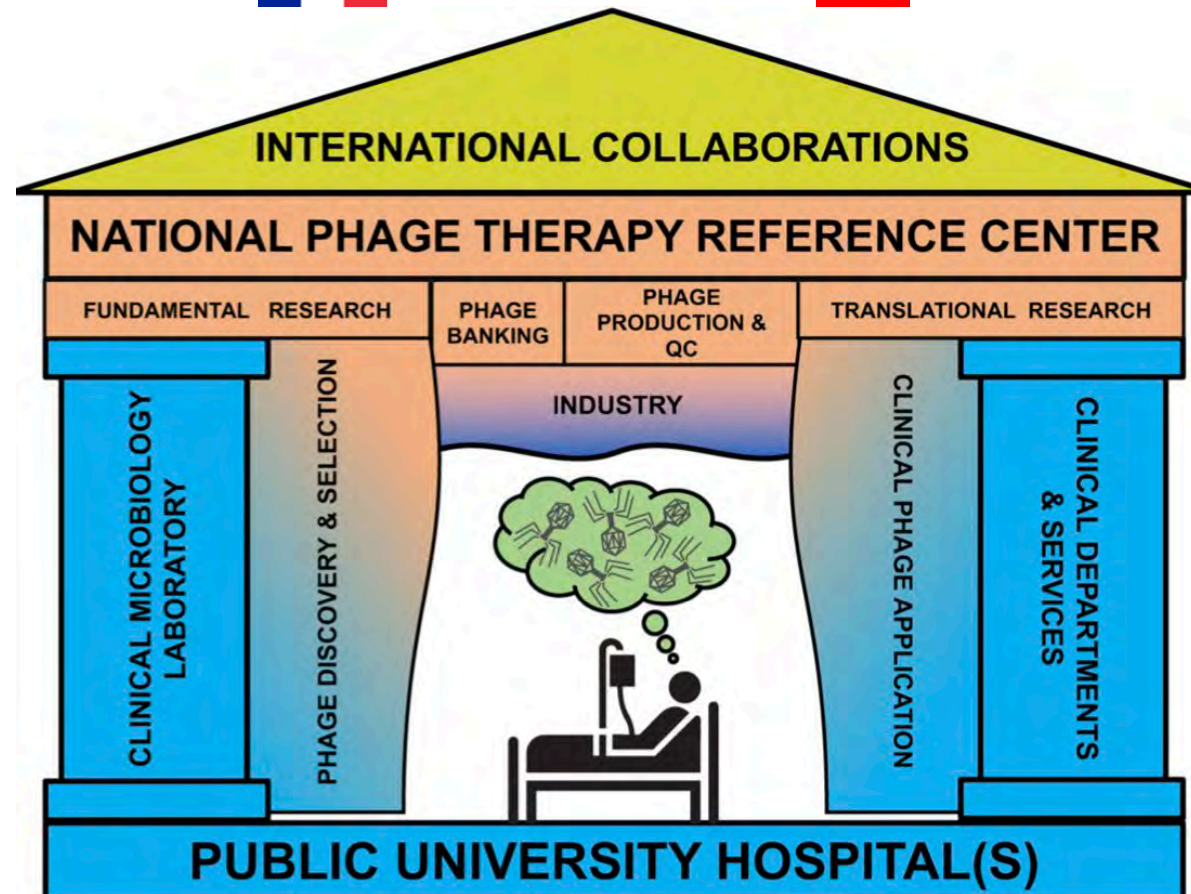
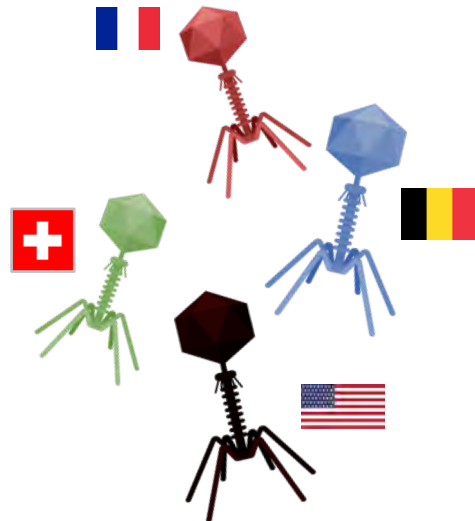


Recent progress toward the implementation of phage therapy in Western medicine

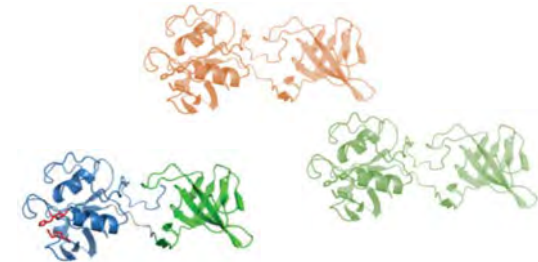
Jean-Paul Pirnay^{1,†}, Tristan Ferry^{2,3,†} and Grégory Resch^{4,*,†}



Phages



Lysins



THE MYTHOLOGY
OF PHAGE THERAPY



T. FERRY

VS.

EBM

Clinical
Trials



T. FERRY

PHAGEⁱⁿLYON *Clinic*



Photo: Tristan Ferry



Infectious diseases department

Clinical development

Multidisciplinary meetings

Identifying relevant indications

Managing the patient

Compassionate use

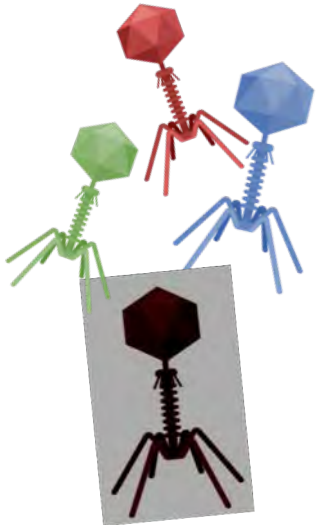
Cohort studies

Pharmacokinetic in humans

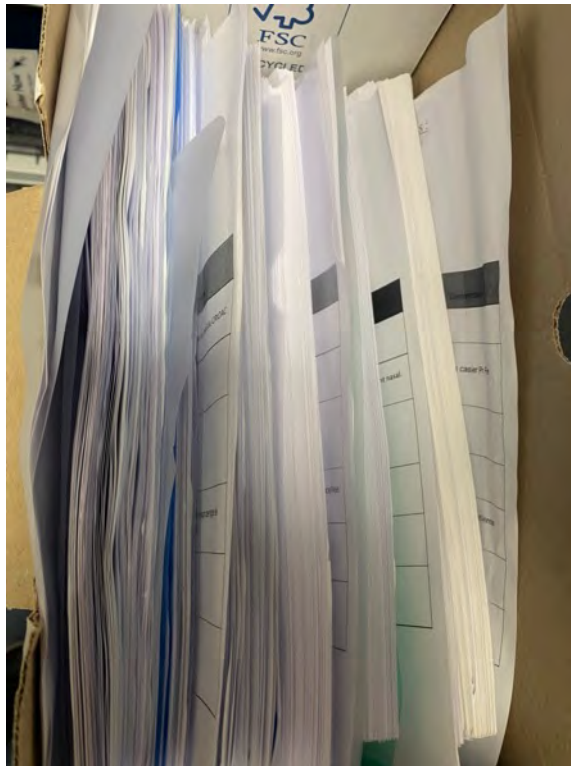
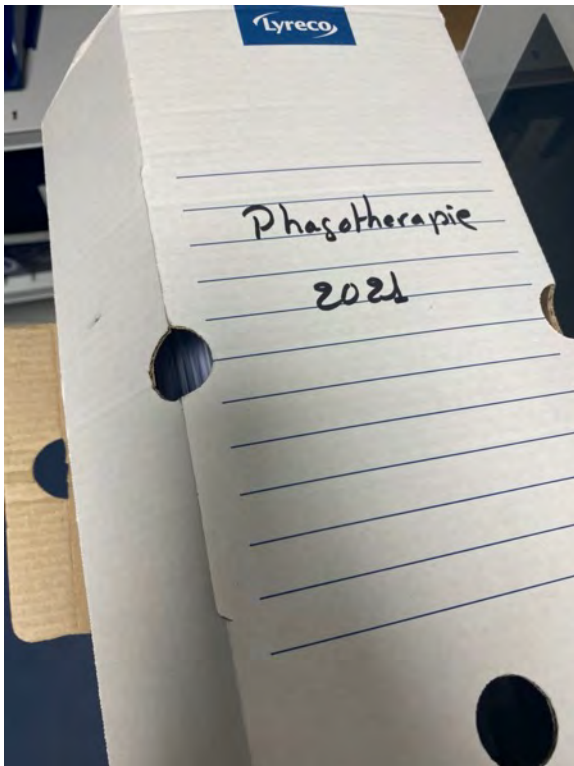
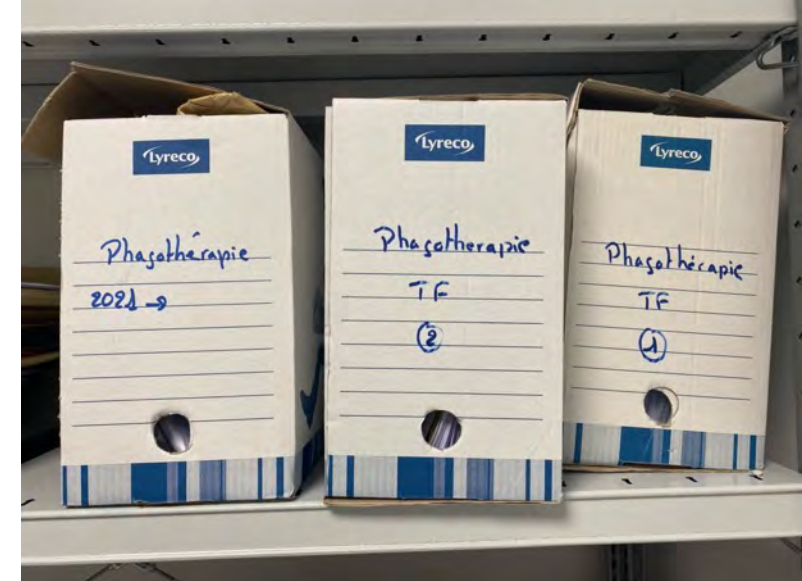
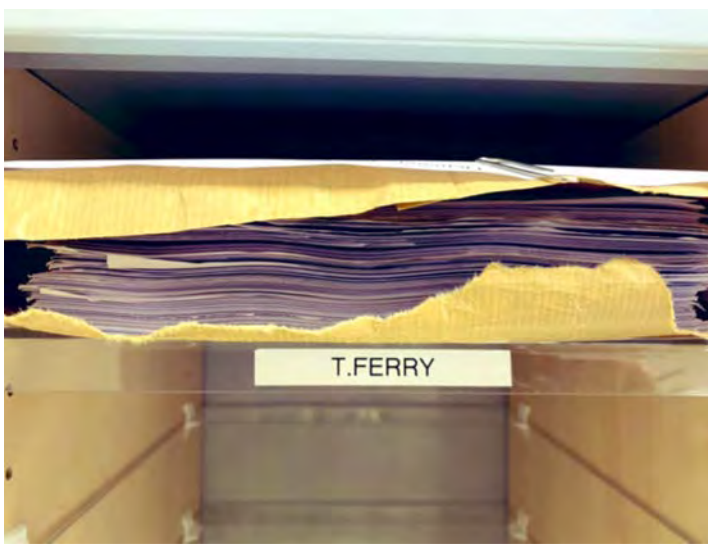
Clinical trials



HCL
HOSPICES CIVILS
DE LYON



PHAGEⁱⁿLYON *Clinic*



Infections ostéoarticulaires ?

Autres indications ?

Infections en réanimation ?

Infections pulmonaires ?

Infections cardiovasculaires ?

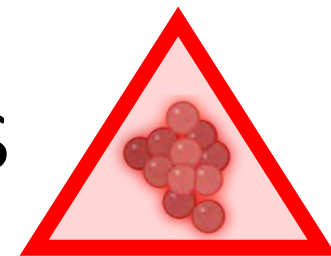
Infections en réanimation ?

Pédiatrie ?

Indications **pertinentes** vs. **non pertinentes**

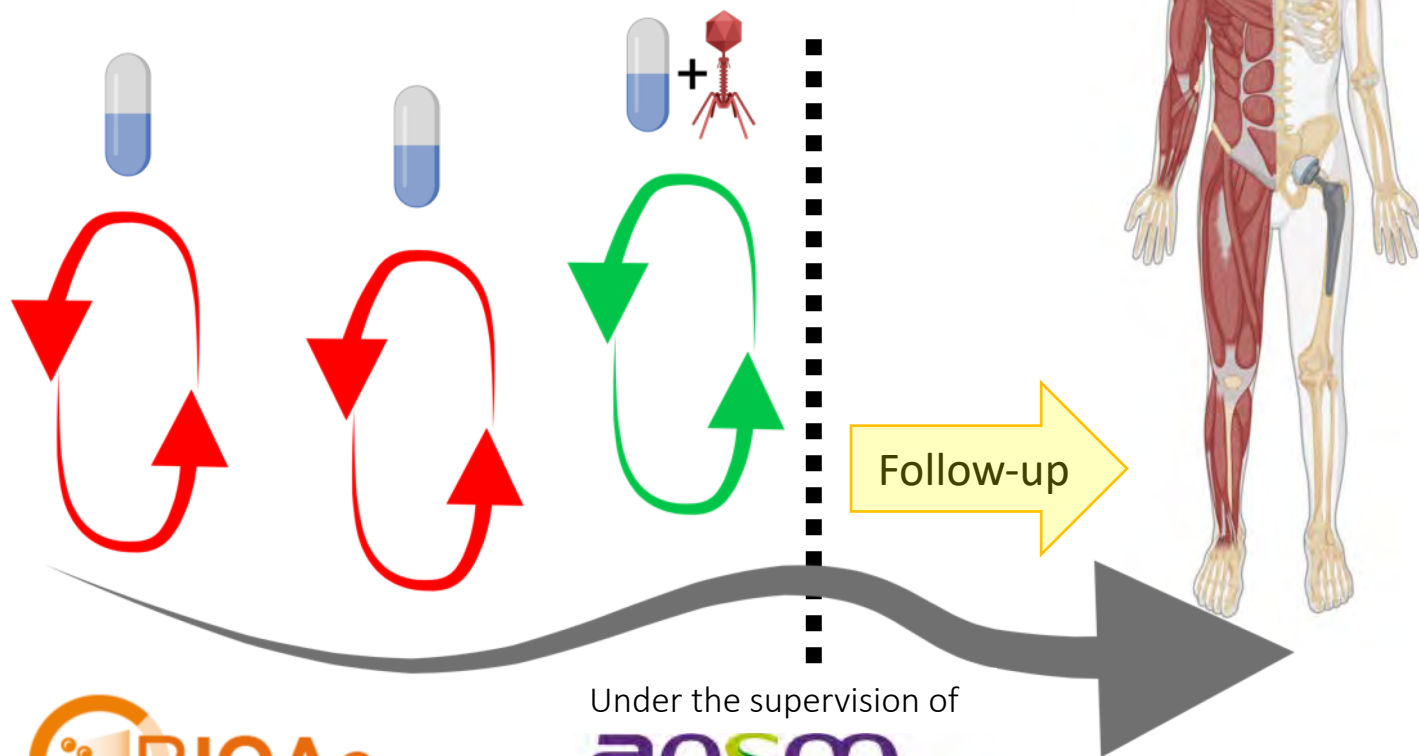
Se limiter aux infections à BMR ?

A large panel of severe bacterial infections



Some positive signals
in these infections

The patient is his “own control”



Under the supervision of



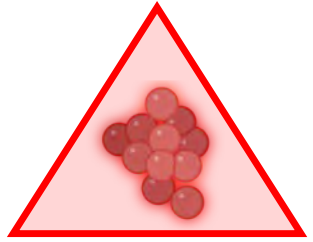
French Health Authority



PHAGE_{in}LYON
Clinic



A large panel of severe bacterial infections



Central nervous system infections

Implant-associated meningitis

Lung infections

Ventilator-associated pneumonia

Exacerbation in cystic fibrosis

Exacerbations in bronchiectasis

Urinary tract infections

Pyelonephritis

Ureteral stent-associated infection



Cardiovascular infections

Endocarditis

Cardiac electronic device infection

Prosthetic-valve endocarditis

Vascular graft infection

Muskuloskeletal infections

Wound infection

Osteomyelitis, fracture-related infection

Implant-associated bone and joint infection

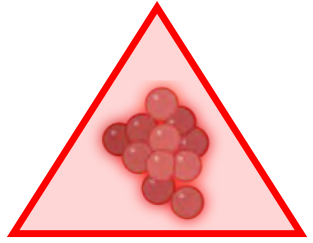
Prosthetic joint infection

Digestive-tract infections

Typhoid fever, shigellosis

Cholera

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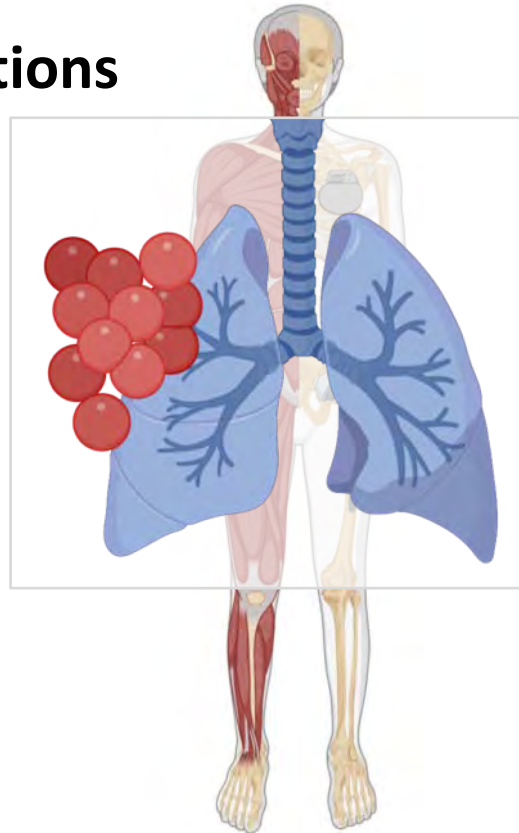
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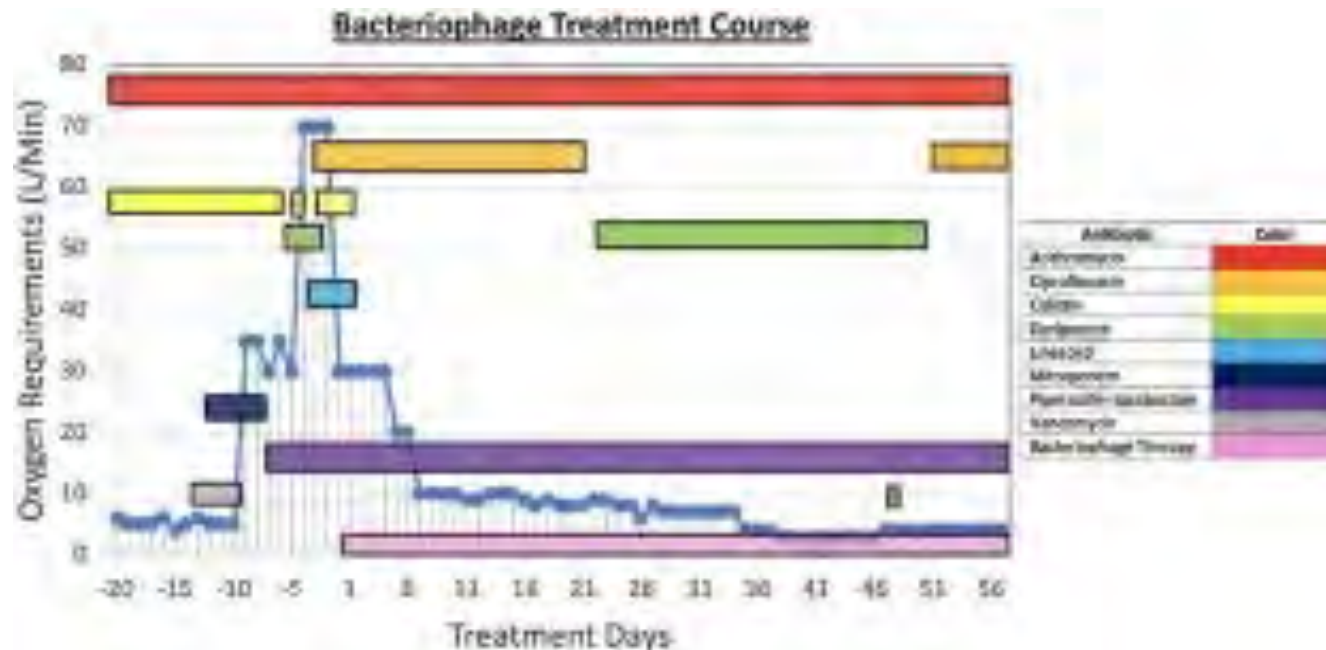
Typhoid fever, shigellosis

Cholera

Successful adjunctive use of bacteriophage therapy for treatment of multidrug-resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* infection in a cystic fibrosis patient

[Nancy Law](#) , [Cathy Logan](#), [Gordon Yung](#), [Carrie-Lynn Langlais Furr](#), [Susan M. Lehman](#), [Sandra Morales](#), [Francisco Rosas](#), [Alexander Gaidamaka](#), [Igor Bilinsky](#), [Paul Grint](#), [Robert T. Schooley](#) & [Saima Aslam](#)

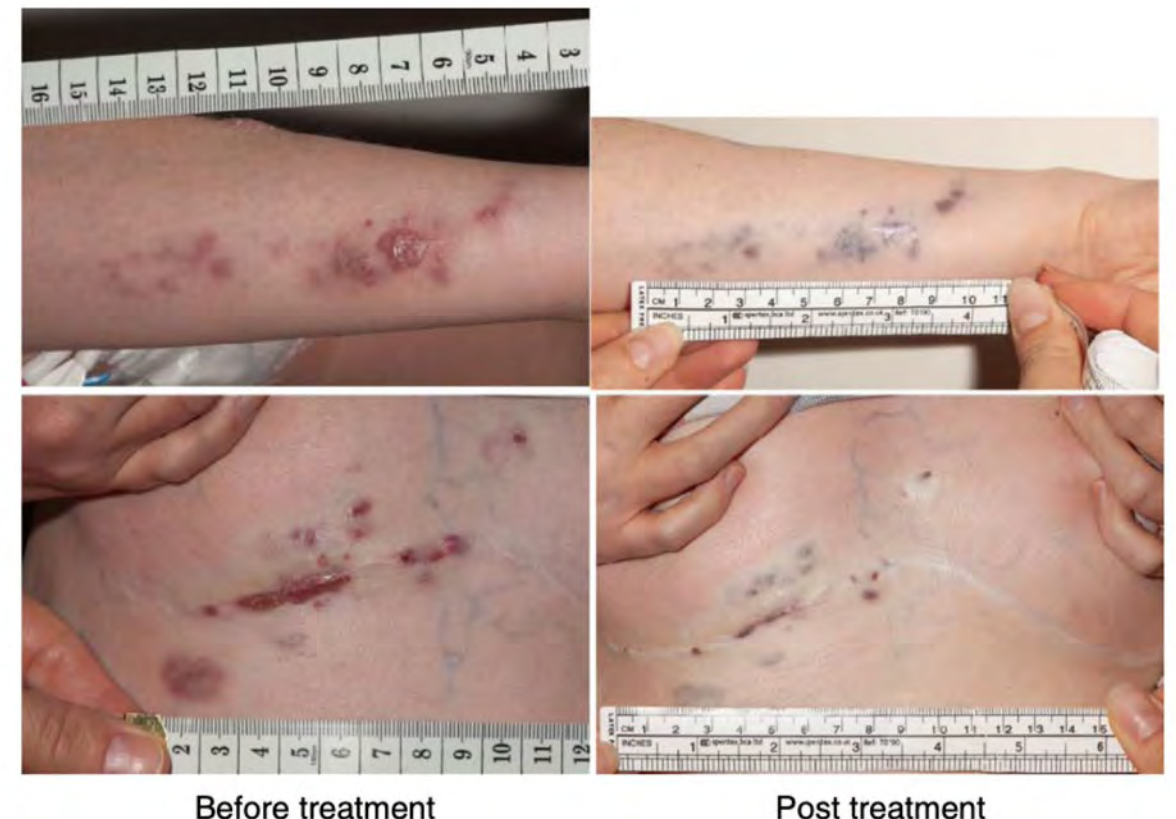
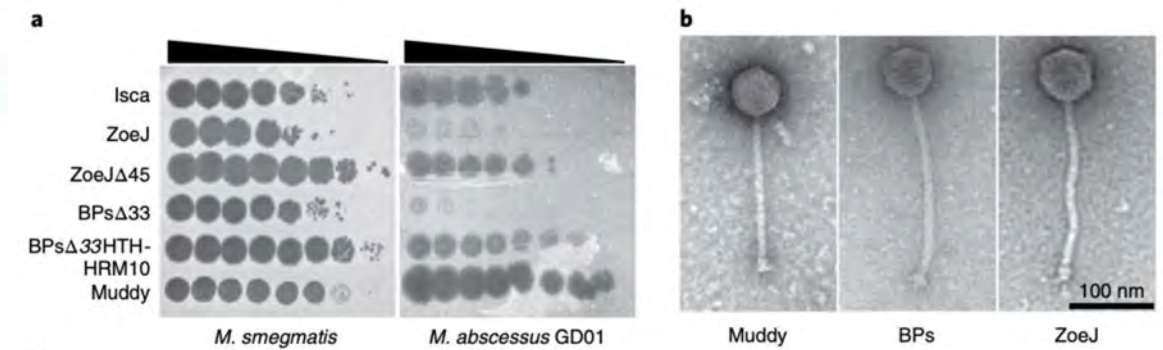
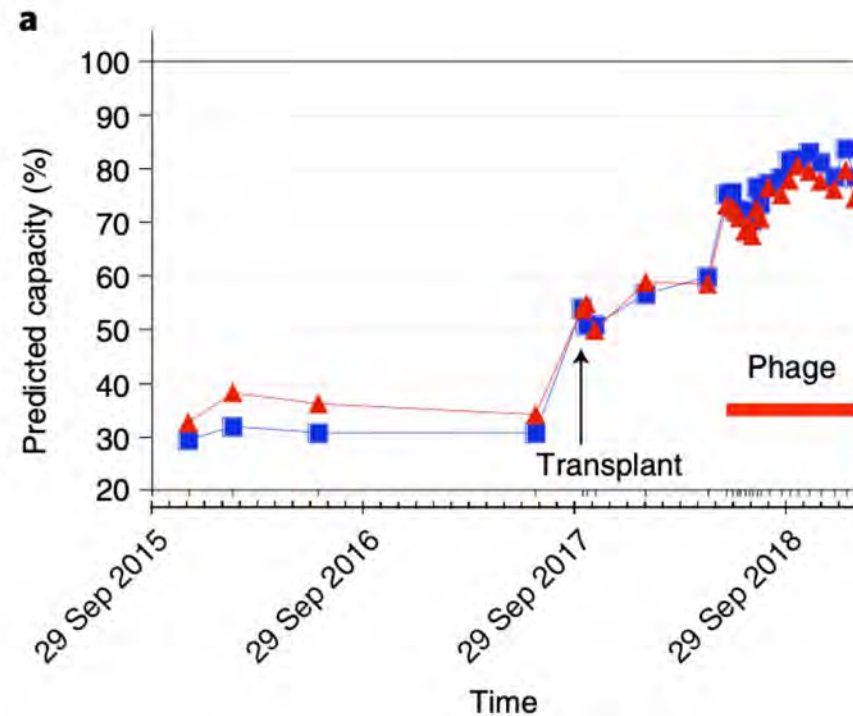
[Infection](#) **47**, 665–668 (2019) | [Cite this article](#)



Eight weeks of INTRAVENOUS phages (1 injection each 6 hours)

Engineered bacteriophages for treatment of a patient with a disseminated drug-resistant *Mycobacterium abscessus*

Rebekah M. Dedrick^{1,4}, Carlos A. Guerrero-Bustamante^{1,4}, Rebecca A. Garlena¹, Daniel A. Russell¹, Katrina Ford², Kathryn Harris², Kimberly C. Gilmour², James Soothill², Deborah Jacobs-Sera¹, Robert T. Schooley³, Graham F. Hatfull^{1*} and Helen Spencer^{2*}



Eight weeks of INTRAVENOUS phages (1 injection each 12 hours)

CYstic Fibrosis bacterioPHage Study at Yale (CYPHY)

Ph 1/2 Study Evaluating Safety and Tolerability of Inhaled AP-PA02 in Subjects With Chronic Pseudomonas Aeruginosa Lung Infections and Cystic Fibrosis (SWARM-Pa)

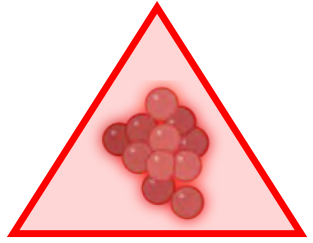


Personalized Phage Treatment in Covid-19 Patients With Bacterial Co-Infections Microbials for Pneumonia or Bacteremia/Septicemia



Etc.

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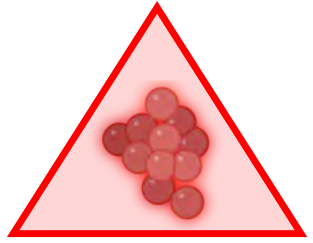
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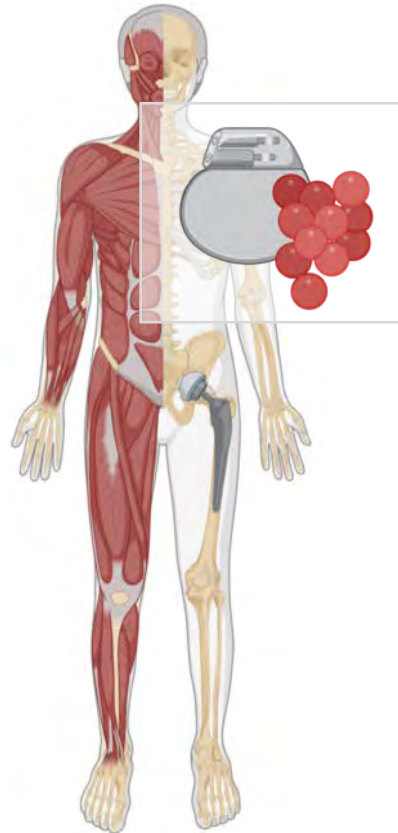
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Cholera

Novel bacteriophage therapy for treatment of left ventricular assist device infection

Saima Aslam, MD,^a Victor Pretorius, MD,^b Susan M. Lehman, PhD,^c Sandra Morales, PhD,^c and Robert T. Schooley, MD^a

The Journal of
Heart and Lung Transplantation

The Official Publication of the International Society for Heart and Lung Transplantation



UC San Diego
School of Medicine

Center for Innovative Phage
Applications and Therapeutics

In the Division of Infectious Diseases & Global Public Health



Open Forum Infectious Diseases

MAJOR ARTICLE

 IDSA
Infectious Diseases Society of America

 hivma
hiv medicine association

 OXFORD

Lessons Learned From the First 10 Consecutive Cases of Intravenous Bacteriophage Therapy to Treat Multidrug-Resistant Bacterial Infections at a Single Center in the United States

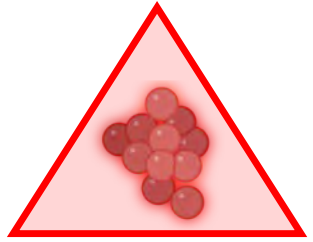
Saima Aslam,^{1,2} Elizabeth Lampley,² Darcy Wooten,¹ Maile Karris,¹ Constance Benson,^{1,2} Steffanie Strathdee,^{1,2} and Robert T. Schooley^{1,2}

¹Division of Infectious Diseases and Global Public Health, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California, USA, and ²Center for Innovative Phage Applications and Therapeutics, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California, USA

 AMPLI PHI
BIOSCIENCES CORPORATION

figure 1 Sternal wound at baseline (A) and at end of bacteriophage therapy (B) with visible ventricular assist device. (A) Wound with ulceration and poorly granulating tissue. (B) Healthy red granulation tissue and reduced purulence.

A large panel of severe bacterial infections



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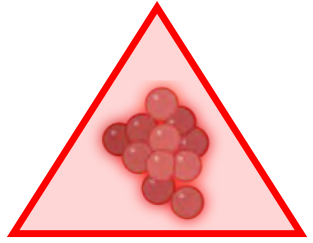
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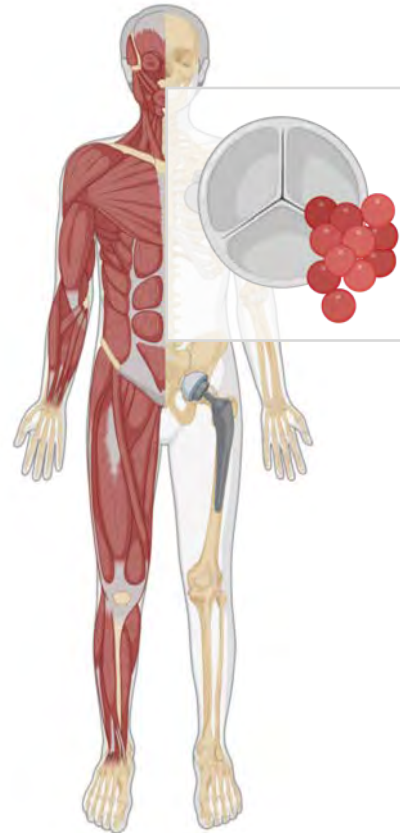
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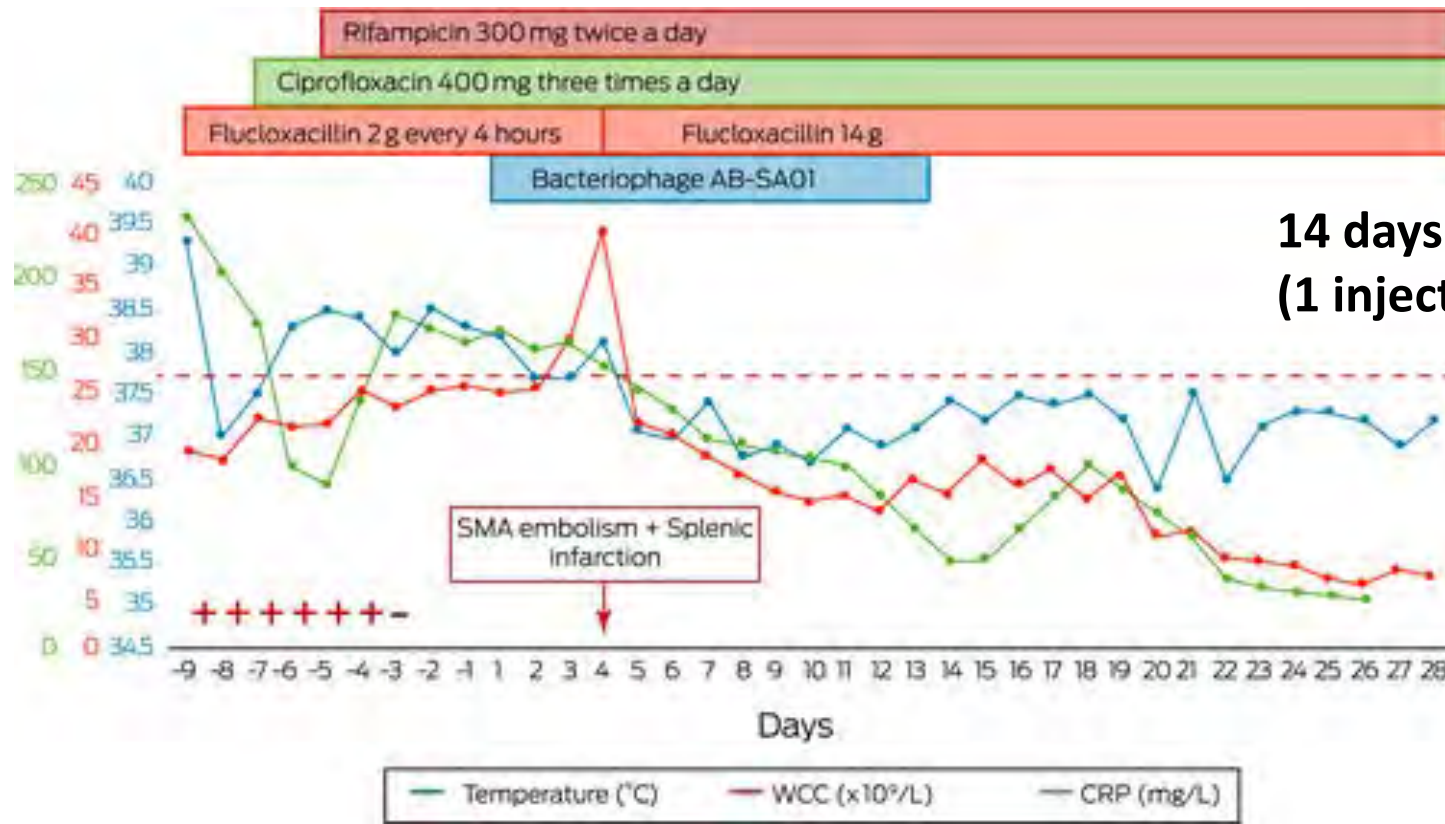
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Adjunctive bacteriophage therapy for prosthetic valve endocarditis due to *Staphylococcus aureus*

Timothy Gilbey, Josephine Ho, Louise A Cooley, Aleksandra Petrovic Fabijan, Jonathan R Iredell 



14 days of INTRAVENOUS phages
(1 injection each 12 hours)

No Studies found for: **phage | Endocarditis, Bacterial**

nature
microbiology

ARTICLES

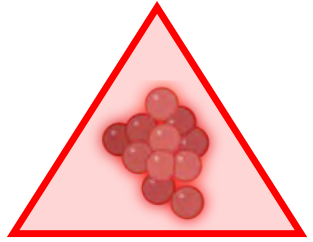
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41564-019-0634-z>

Safety of bacteriophage therapy in severe *Staphylococcus aureus* infection

Aleksandra Petrovic Fabijan ^{1,2,6}, Ruby C. Y. Lin ^{1,2,3,4,6}, Josephine Ho^{1,2}, Susan Maddocks^{1,2,3},
Nouri L. Ben Zakour^{1,3}, Jonathan R. Iredell ^{1,2,3} * and Westmead Bacteriophage Therapy Team⁵

A lot of things are learned from compassionate cases

A large panel of severe bacterial infections



Central nervous system infections

Implant-associated meningitis

Lung infections

Ventilator-associated pneumonia
Exacerbation in cystic fibrosis
Exacerbations in bronchiectasis

Urinary tract infections

Pyelonephritis
Ureteral stent-associated infection



Cardiovascular infections

Endocarditis
Cardiac electronic device infection
Prosthetic-valve endocarditis
Vascular graft infection

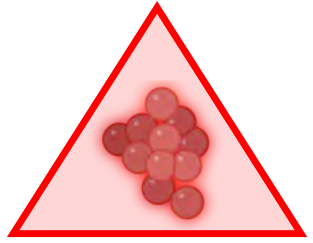
Muskuloskeletal infections

Wound infection
Osteomyelitis, fracture-related infection
Implant-associated bone and joint infection
Prosthetic joint infection

Digestive-tract infection

Typhoid fever, shigellosis
Cholera

A large panel of severe bacterial infections



Central nervous system infections

Implant-associated meningitis

Lung infections

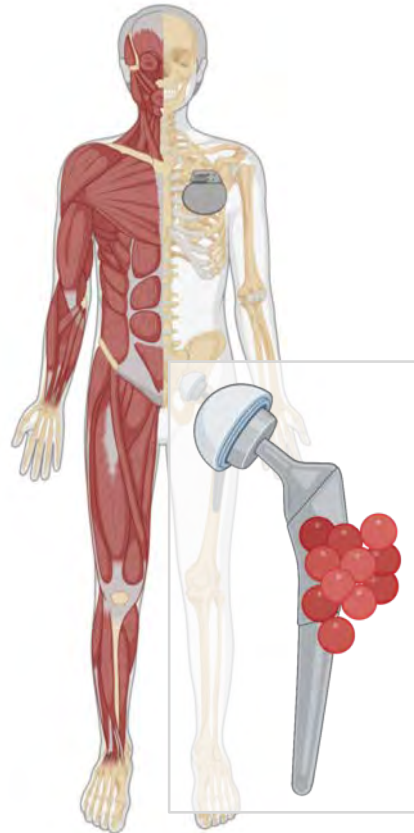
Ventilator-associated pneumonia
Exacerbation in cystic fibrosis
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Urinary tract infections

Pyelonephritis
Ureteral stent-associated infection

Digestive-tract infection

Typhoid fever, shigellosis
Cholera



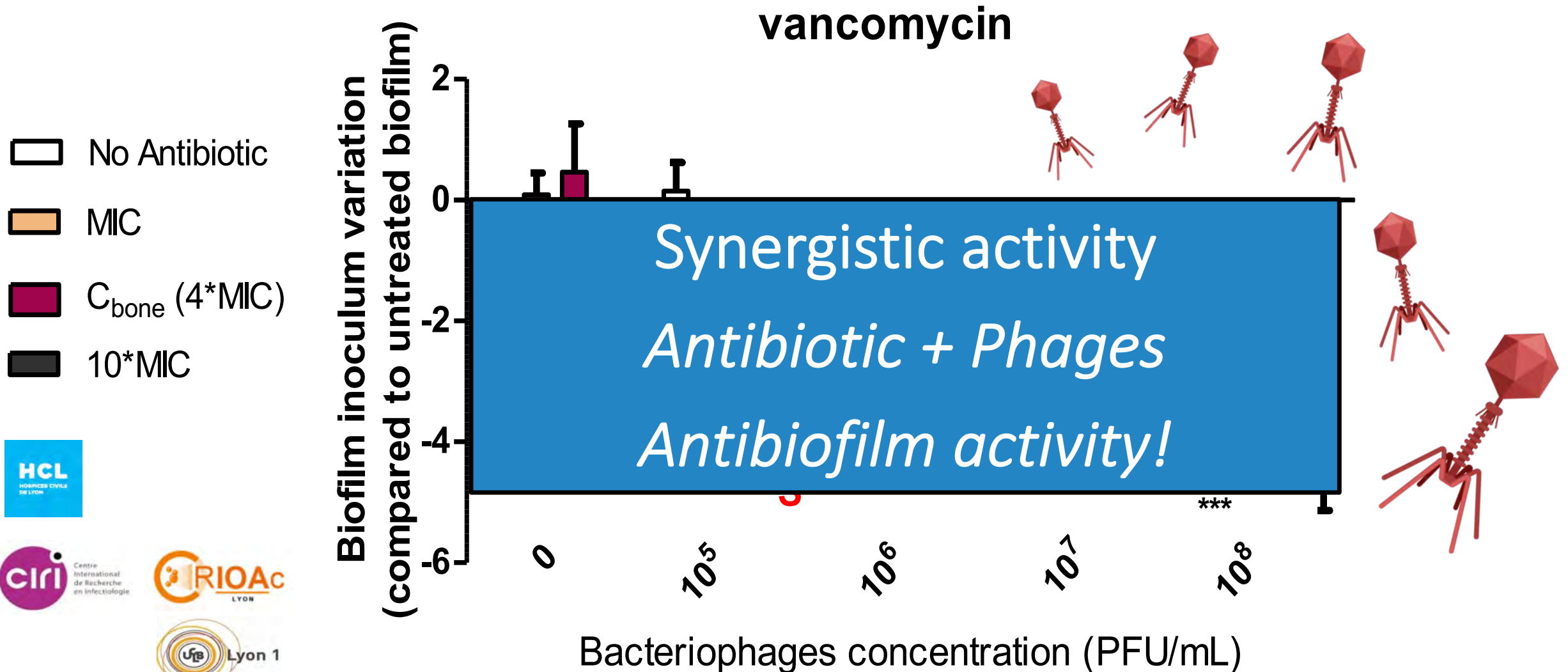
Cardiovascular infections

Endocarditis
Cardiac electronic device infection
Prosthetic-valve endocarditis
Vascular graft infection

Muskuloskeletal infections

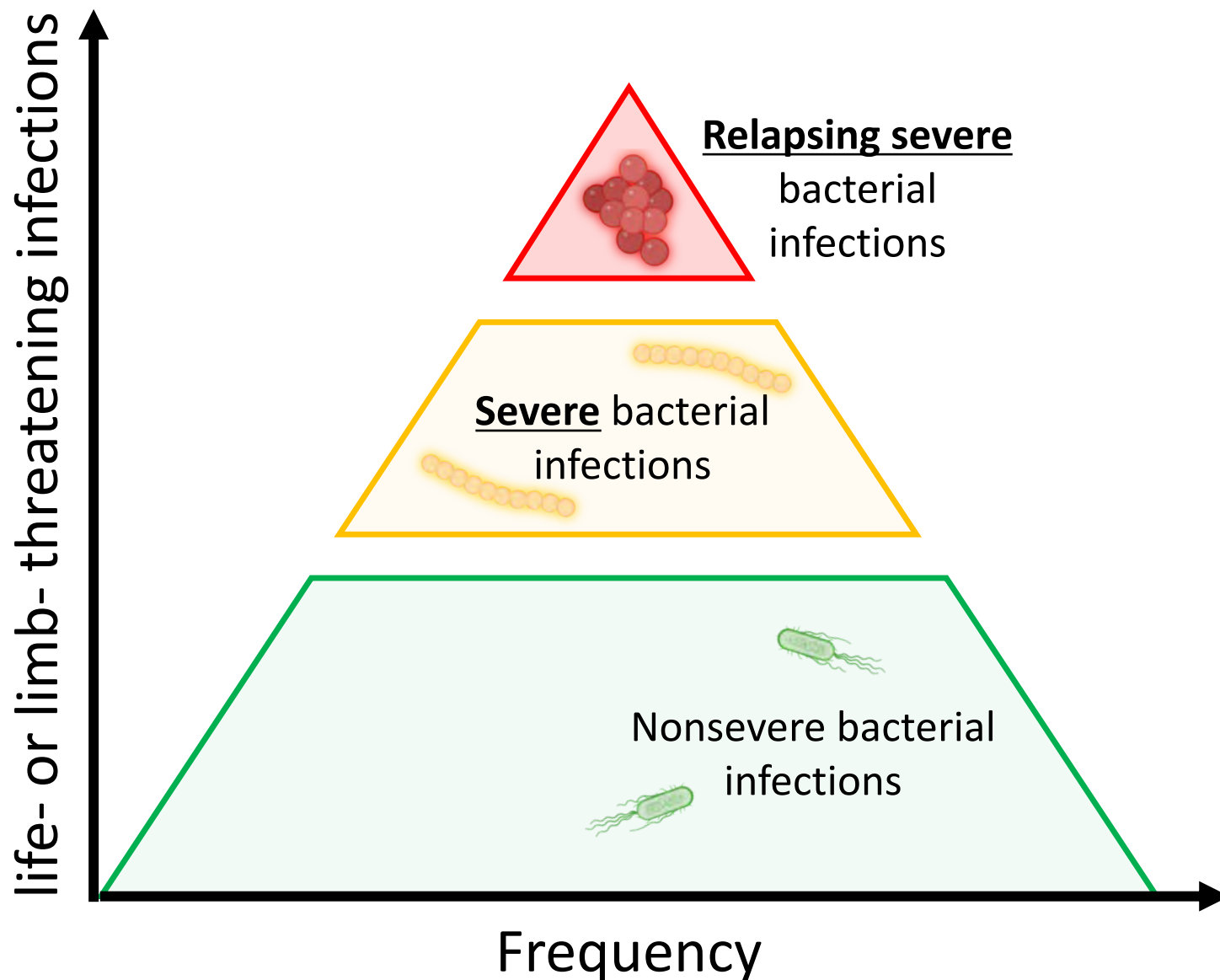
Wound infection
Osteomyelitis, fracture-related infection
Implant-associated bone and joint infection
Prosthetic joint infection

Phages have antibiofilm activity

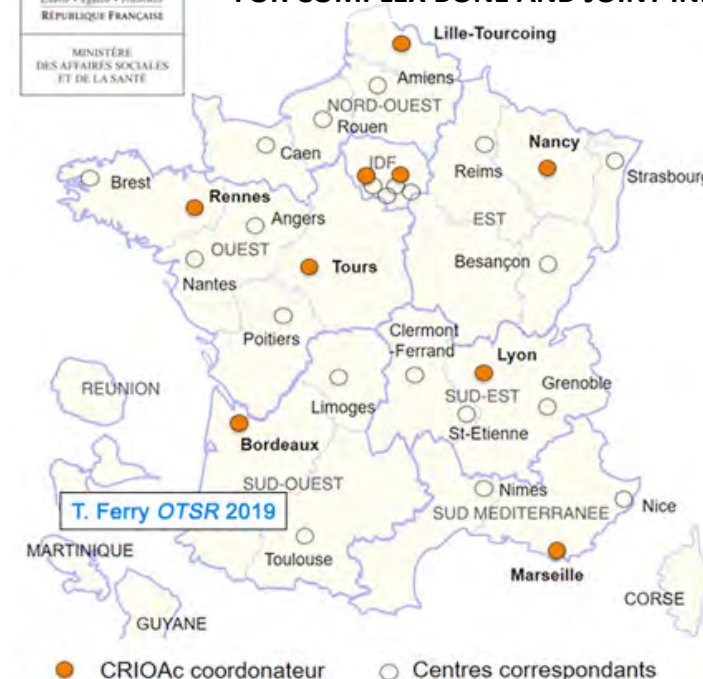


C. Kolenda et al. Antimicrob Agents Chemother 2019

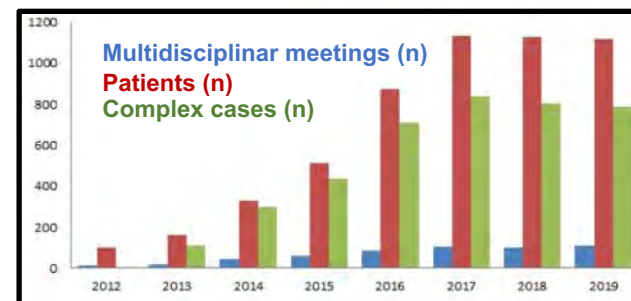
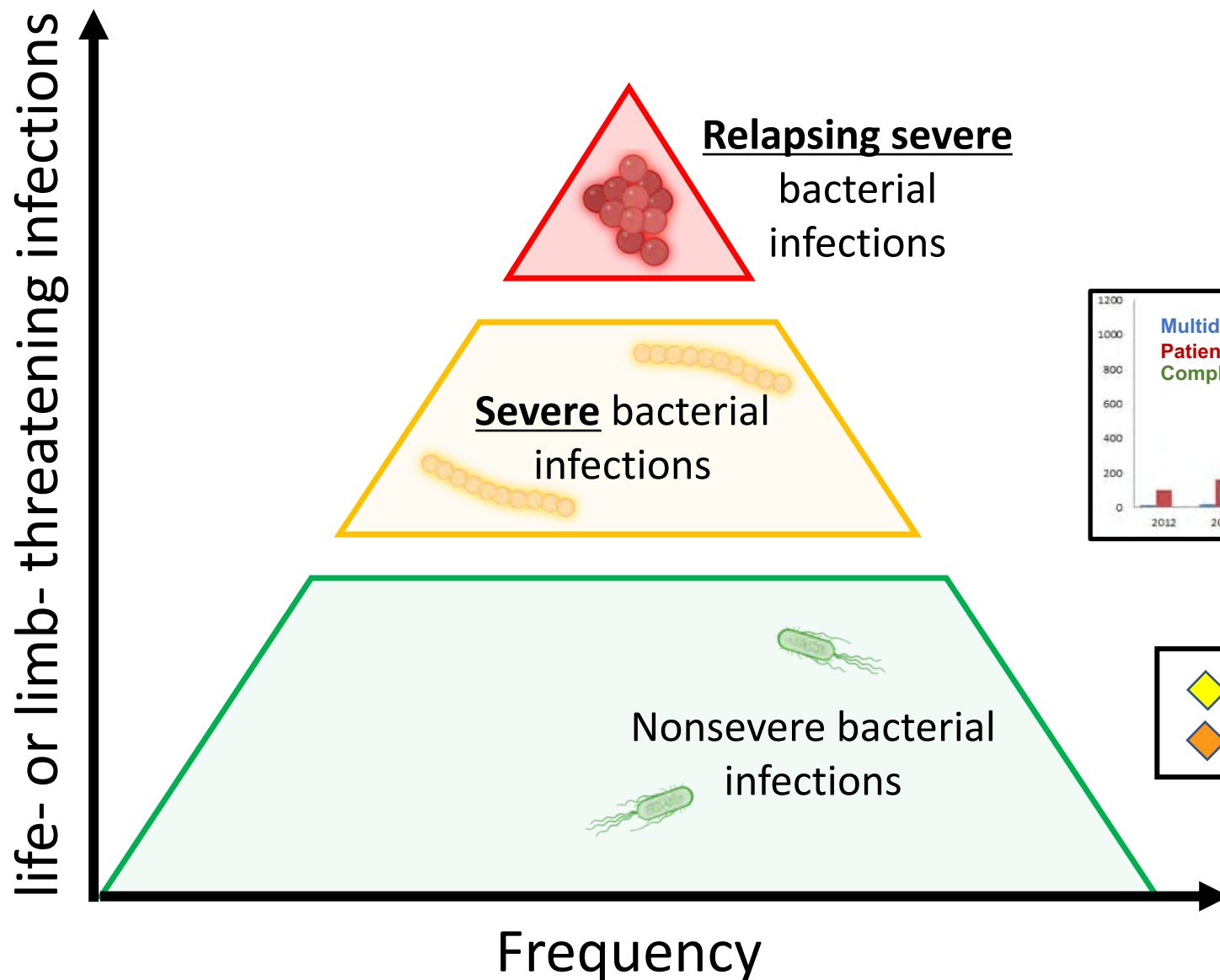
The pyramid of bacterial infectious diseases



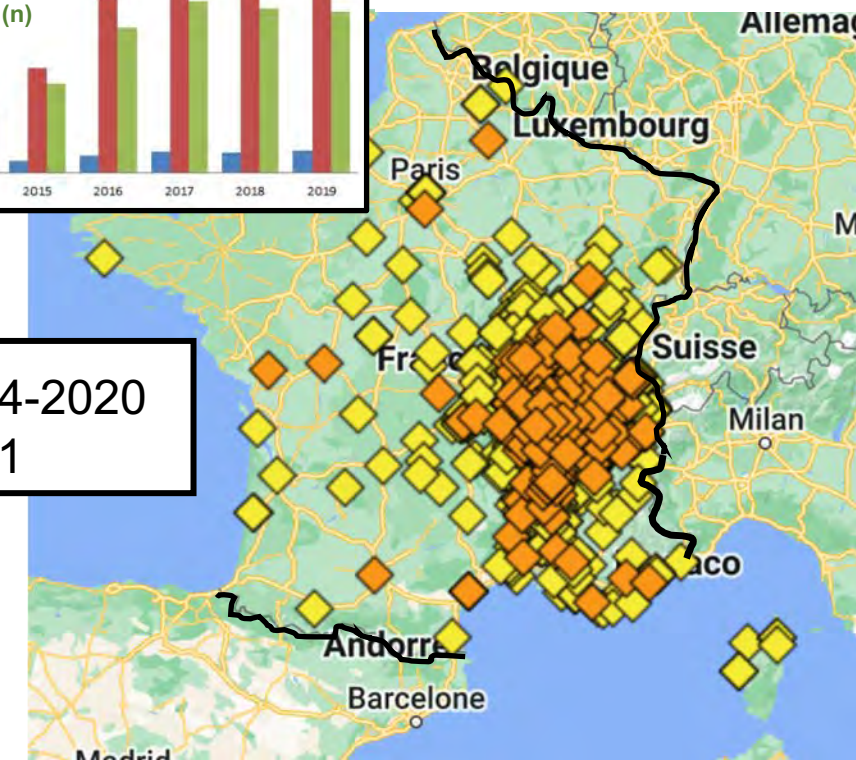
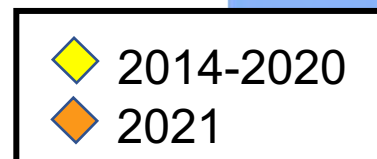
**DEDICATED NETWORK
FOR COMPLEX BONE AND JOINT INFECTIONS**



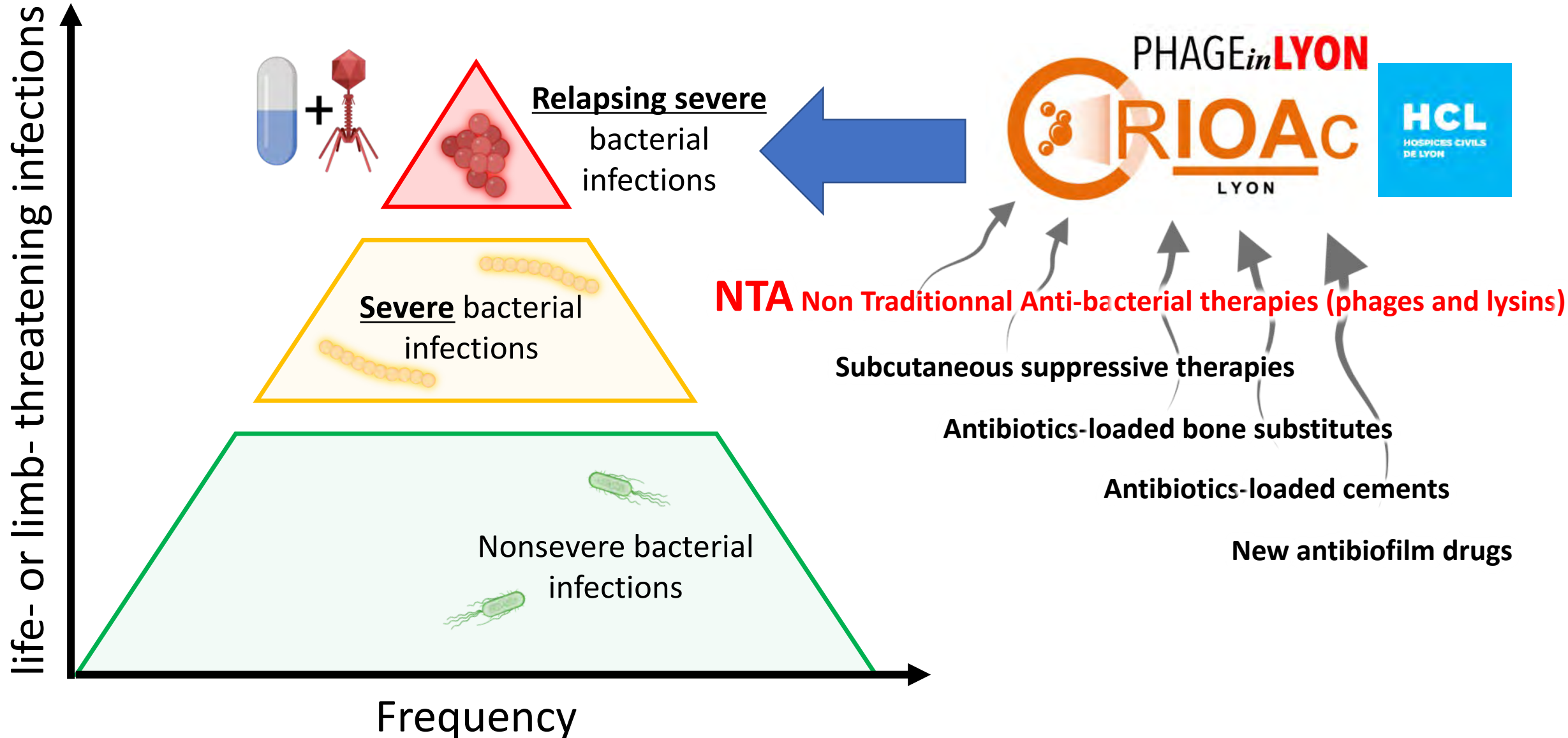
The pyramid of bacterial infectious diseases



PATIENT'S RESIDENCE



The pyramid of bacterial infectious diseases



PHAGEⁱⁿLYON *Clinic*

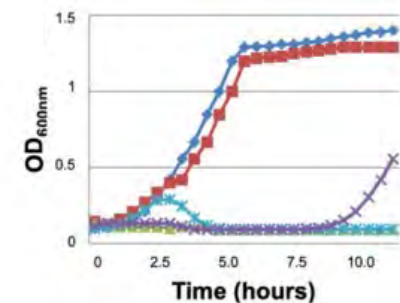
- Dedicated program to **phage therapy** development (**N**on-**T**raditional **A**ntibacterials WHO)
- Close relationship with the **French health authority**
- Integrated in our **referral center** for complex BJI
- For patients in **dead-end** clinical situations or at high risk of significant loss of function
- **Pharmaceutical grade** phages only
- Fulfilling list of **quality controls**
- **Phagogram** demonstrating the phage susceptibility
- Use in **cocktail** (\geq two active phages), with antibiotics
- Prepared by the **hospital pharmacist** under sterile conditions at the time of injection



World Health
Organization

ansm

Agence nationale de sécurité du médicament
et des produits de santé



PHAGEⁱⁿLYON

Clinic

- **Type of BJI in our scope**

- Prosthetic joint infections
- BJI with puncturable abscesses

- **Type of BJI not in our scope***

- Septic nonunion
- Osteomyelitis
- Decubitus ulcer with osteomyelitis
- Diabetic foot osteomyelitis

Reasons*

- Microbiological diagnosis unknown before surgery
- Infected bone difficult to access
- No closed anatomic space for phage local injection
- Co-infection with other bacteria not targeted by phages
- Exposed bone
- Absorbable CaSO_4 bone substitutes are more appropriate



viruses

Lyon BJI
study group



PHAGEinLYON



Review

Past and Future of Phage Therapy and Phage-Derived Proteins in Patients with Bone and Joint Infection

REVIEW ARTICLE

OPEN ACCESS

Tristan Ferry
Jérôme Josse
Frédéric Laurent
on behalf of

Medical innovations to maintain the function in patients with chronic PJI for whom explantation is not desirable: a pathophysiology-, multidisciplinary-, and experience-based approach

Tristan Ferry^{1,2,3,4,*}, Cécile Batailler^{2,3,5}, Sophie Brosset^{2,3,6}, Camille Kolenda^{2,3,4,7},
Sylvain Goutelle^{2,3,8,9}, Elliot Sappey-Marinier^{2,3,5}, Jérôme Josse^{2,3,4,7}, Frédéric Laurent^{2,3,4,7},
Sébastien Lustig^{2,3,5}, On Behalf of the Lyon BJI Study Group,^a

Virologie

infection ostéoarticulaire : historique, fondements, faisabilité et perspectives en France

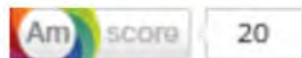
Phage therapy in bone and joint infection: history, rationale, feasibility and perspectives in France

Case Report: Arthroscopic “Debridement Antibiotics and Implant Retention” With Local Injection of Personalized Phage Therapy to Salvage a Relapsing *Pseudomonas Aeruginosa* Prosthetic Knee Infection

Tristan Ferry^{1,2,3,4*}, Camille Kolenda^{2,3,4,5}, Cécile Batailler^{2,3,6}, Romain Gaillard^{3,6}, Claude-Alexandre Gustave^{2,3,4,5}, Sébastien Lustig^{2,3,6}, Cindy Fevre⁷, Charlotte Petitjean⁷, Gilles Leboucher⁸, Frédéric Laurent^{2,3,4,5} and the Lyon BJI Study group

3,743

TOTAL VIEWS



Open Forum Infectious Diseases

BRIEF REPORT

Salvage Debridement, Antibiotics and Implant Retention (“DAIR”) With Local Injection of a Selected Cocktail of Bacteriophages: Is It an Option for an Elderly Patient With Relapsing *Staphylococcus aureus* Prosthetic-Joint Infection?

Tristan Ferry,^{1,2,3,4} Gilles Leboucher,⁵ Cindy Fevre,⁶ Yannick Herry,^{2,4,7} Anne Conrad,^{1,2,3,4} Jérôme Josse,^{2,3,4,8} Cécile Batailler,^{2,4,7} Christian Chidiac,^{1,2,3,4} Mathieu Medina,⁶ S. Lustig,⁷ and Frédéric Laurent^{2,3,4,8}, on behalf of the Lyon BJI Study Group

VIEWS

3,770

Phage Therapy as Adjuvant to Conservative Surgery and Antibiotics to Salvage Patients With Relapsing *S. aureus* Prosthetic Knee Infection

Tristan Ferry^{1,2,3,4*}, Camille Kolenda^{2,3,4,5}, Cécile Batailler^{2,3,6}, Claude-Alexandre Gustave^{2,3,4,5}, Sébastien Lustig^{2,3,6}, Matthieu Malatray^{3,6}, Cindy Fevre⁷, Jérôme Josse^{2,3,4,5}, Charlotte Petitjean⁷, Christian Chidiac^{1,2,3,4}, Gilles Leboucher⁸ and Frédéric Laurent^{2,3,4,5} on behalf of the Lyon BJI Study group

5,711

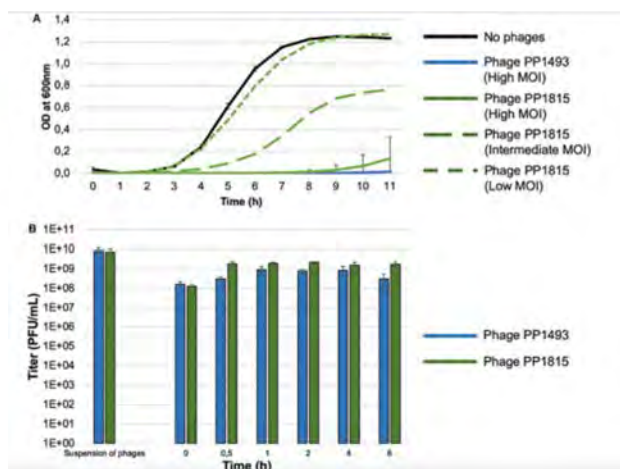
TOTAL VIEWS



The Potential Innovative Use of Bacteriophages Within the DAC[®] Hydrogel to Treat Patients With Knee Megaprosthesis Infection Requiring “Debridement Antibiotics and Implant Retention” and Soft Tissue Coverage as Salvage Therapy

Tristan Ferry^{1,2,3,4*}, Cécile Batailler^{2,3,5}, Charlotte Petitjean⁶, Joseph Chateau⁷, Cindy Fevre⁶, Emmanuel Forestier⁸, Sophie Brosset⁷, Gilles Leboucher⁹, Camille Kolenda^{2,3,4,10}, Frédéric Laurent^{2,3,4,10} and Sébastien Lustig^{2,3,5} on behalf of the Lyon BJI Study Group

4,970
TOTAL VIEWS



J Antimicrob Chemother 2018; **73**: 2901–2903
doi:10.1093/jac/dky263
Advance Access publication 27 July 2018

Innovations for the treatment of a complex bone and joint infection due to XDR *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* including local application of a selected cocktail of bacteriophages

Tristan Ferry^{1–4*}, Fabien Boucher^{1,4,5}, Cindy Fevre⁶, Thomas Perpoint^{1,4}, Joseph Chateau^{1,2,4,5}, Charlotte Petitjean⁶, Jérôme Josse^{2–4,7}, Christian Chidiac^{1,2–4}, Guillaume L’hostis⁶, Gilles Leboucher⁸ and Frédéric Laurent^{2–4,7} on behalf of the Lyon Bone and Joint Infection Study Group[†]

CITATIONS



VIEWS

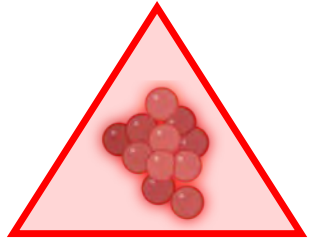


ALTMETRIC



More metrics information

A large panel of severe bacterial infections



Central nervous system infections

Implant-associated meningitis

Lung infections

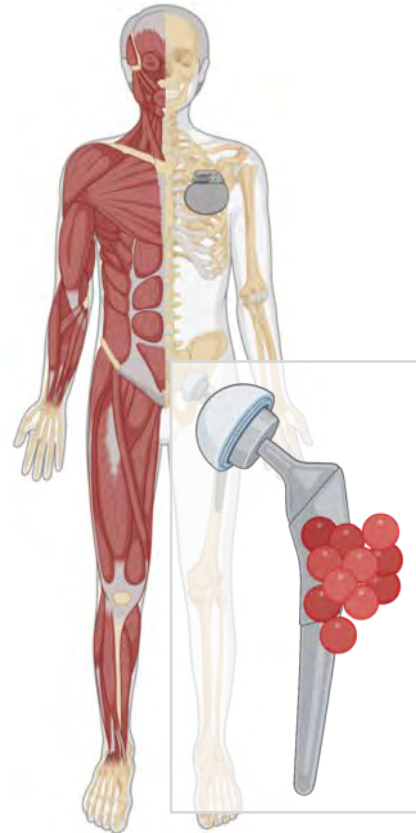
Ventilator-associated pneumonia
Exacerbation in cystic fibrosis
Exacerbations in bronchiectasis

Urinary tract infections

Pyelonephritis
Ureteral stent-associated infection

Digestive-tract infection

Typhoid fever, shigellosis
Cholera

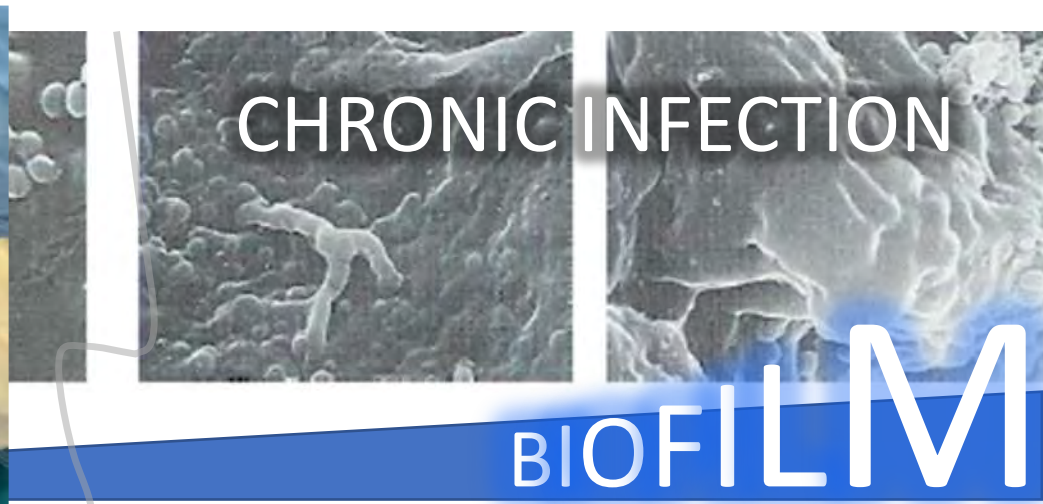


Cardiovascular infections

Endocarditis
Cardiac electronic device infection
Prosthetic-valve endocarditis
Vascular graft infection

Muskuloskeletal infections

Wound infection
Osteomyelitis, fracture-related infection
Implant-associated bone and joint infection
Prosthetic joint infection



Conservative approach: DAIR
'Debridement, Antibiotics
and Implant Retention'

Probability
to control
the disease
~**60%**



Guidelines

2013

DAIR



+ Suppressive antimicrobial therapy

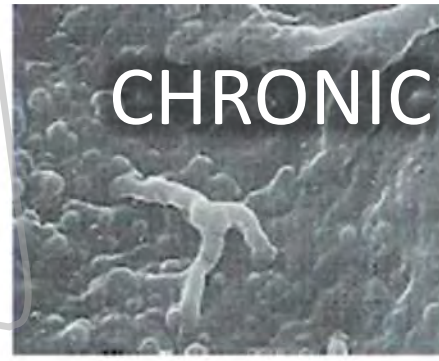
SAT

2017





**ARTHROSCOPIC
DAIR**



CHRONIC INFECTION

BIOFILM



Conservative approach: DAIR
'Debridement, Antibiotics
and Implant Retention'

Guidelines

2013

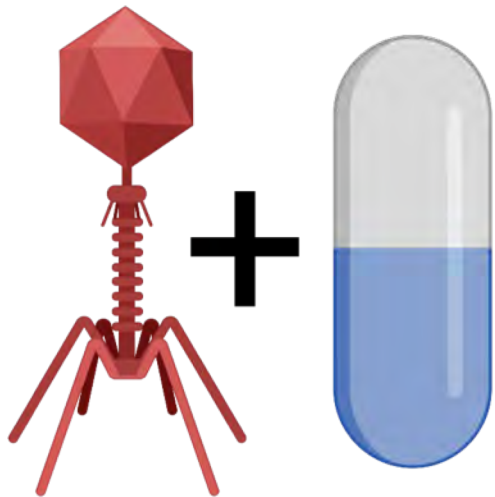
DAIR



+ Suppressive antimicrobial therapy

SAT

2017

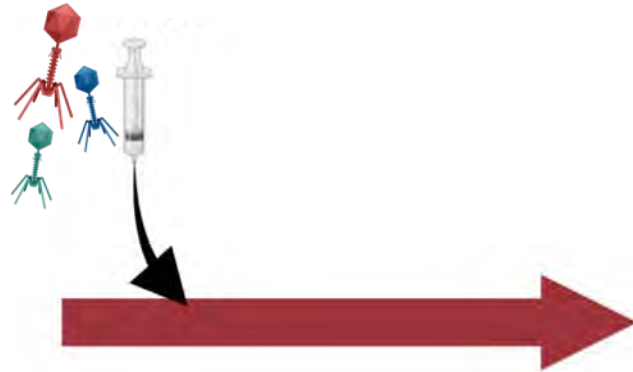
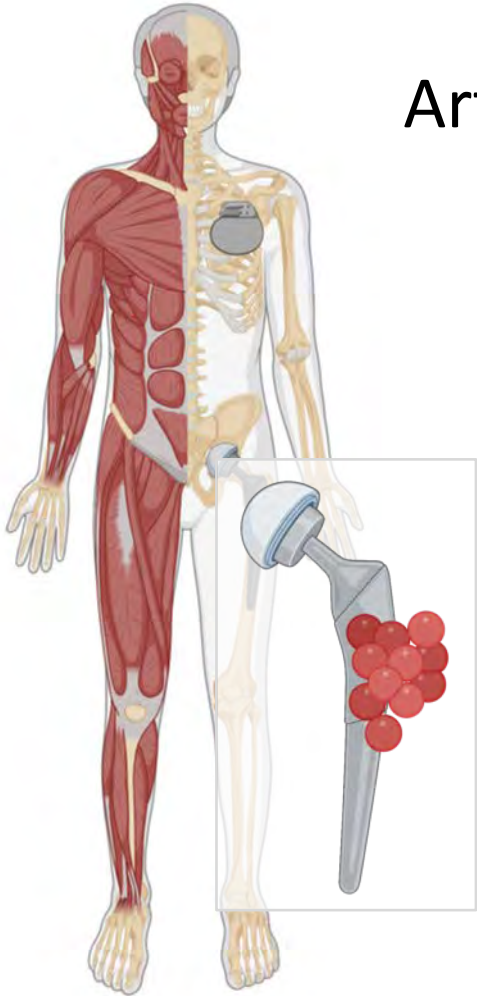



**OPEN
DAIR**

PHAGEⁱⁿLYON *Clinic*

Arthroscopic or open

DAIR



Case series  procedure called « PhagoDAIR »

Phage Therapy as Adjuvant to Conservative Surgery and Antibiotics to Salvage Patients With Relapsing *S. aureus* Prosthetic Knee Infection

5,711

TOTAL VIEWS



Tristan Ferry^{1,2,3,4}, Camille Kolenda^{2,3,4,5}, Cécile Batailler^{2,3,6}, Claude-Alexandre Gustave^{2,3,4,5}, Sébastien Lustig^{2,3,6}, Matthieu Malatray^{3,6}, Cindy Fevre⁷, Jérôme Josse^{2,3,4,5}, Charlotte Petitjean⁷, Christian Chidiac^{1,2,3,4}, Gilles Leboucher⁸ and Frédéric Laurent^{2,3,4,5} on behalf of the Lyon BJI Study group*



#PhagoDAIR

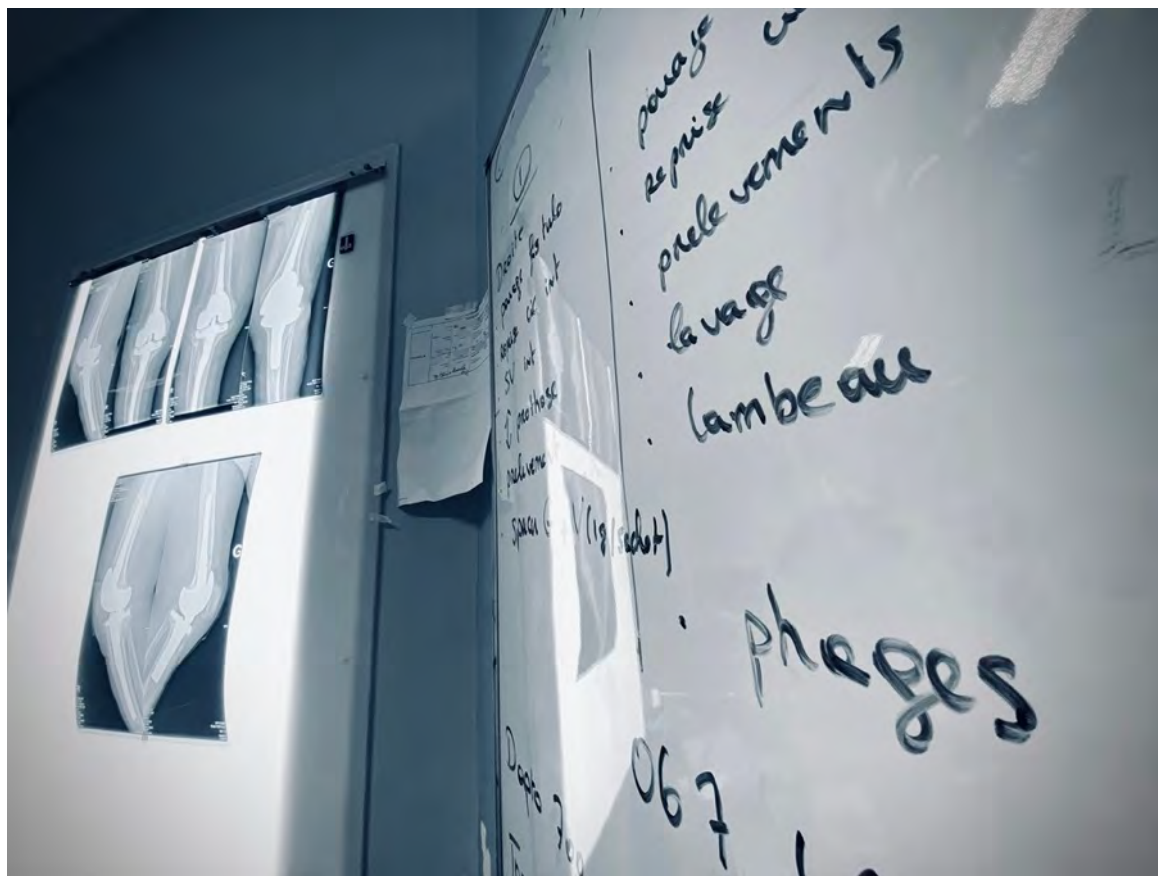
Debridement Antibiotics and Implant Retention

CASE REPORT

published: 16 November 2020
doi: 10.3389/fmed.2020.570572



#PhagoDAIR procedure



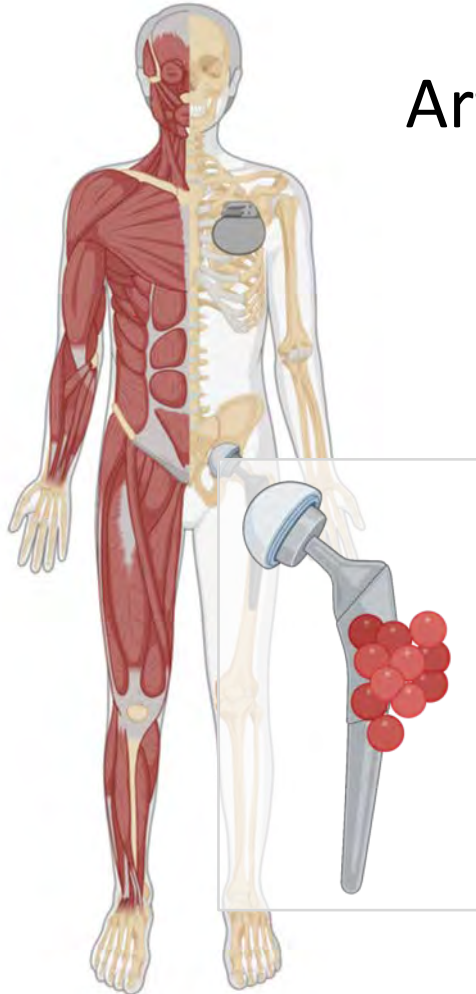
#PhagoDAIR procedure



>1 billion of **active viruses** infecting ***S. aureus*** in a syringe

PHAGEⁱⁿLYON

Clinic



Arthroscopic or open

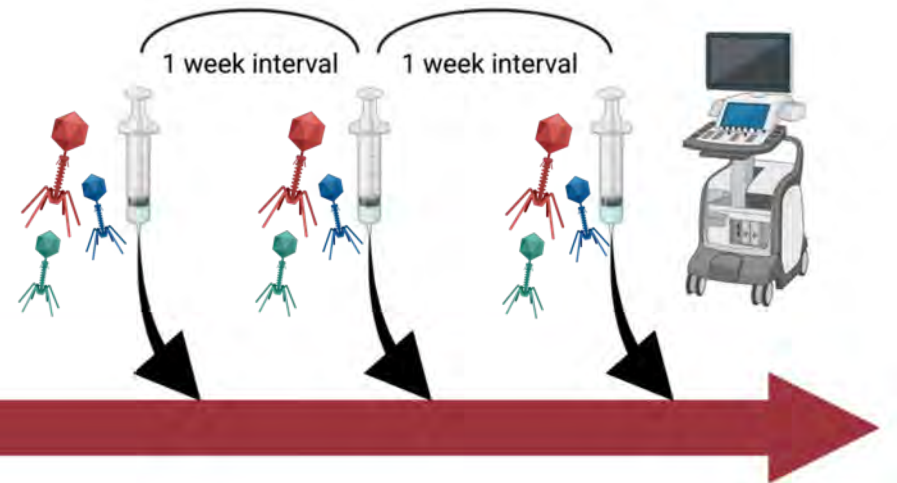
DAIR



in case of relapse

OR after DAIR if no phages were available at the time of the DAIR*

OR if no DAIR could be performed



Abstract number: 2508

33rd **ECCMID** EUROPEAN CONGRESS OF
CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY
AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Copenhagen, Denmark
15–18 April 2023

PhagoDAIR I

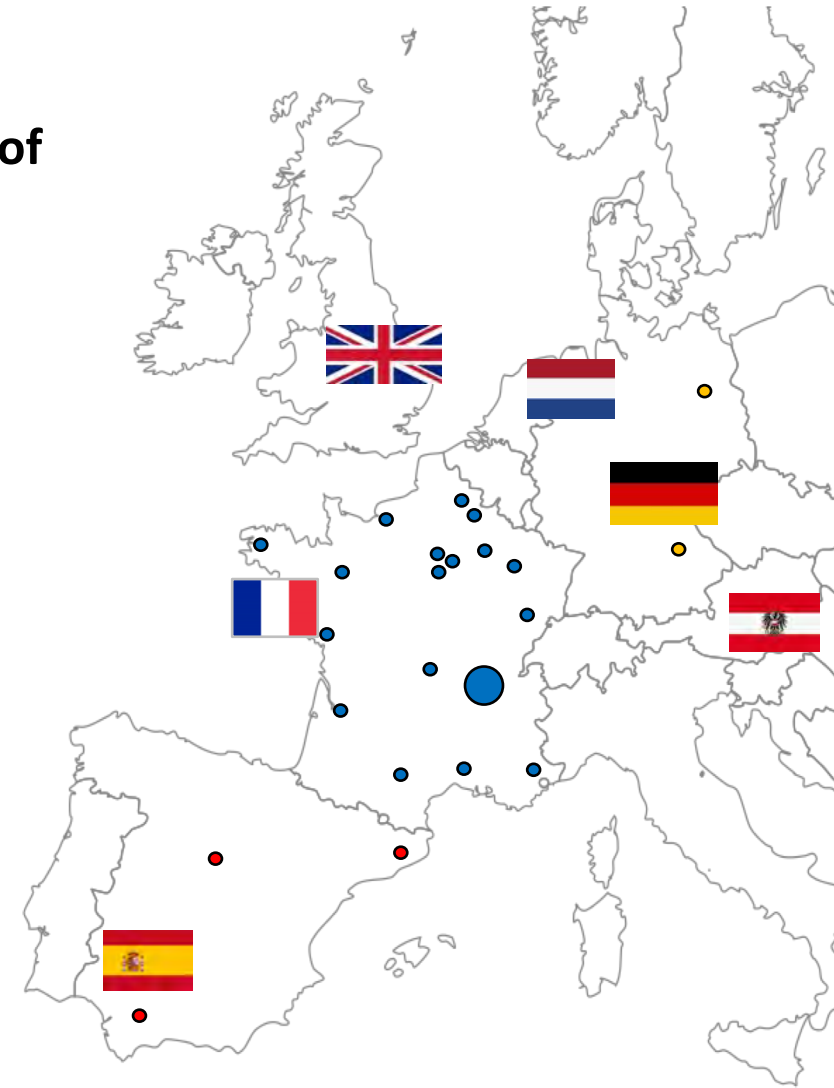
A Pilot, Multicenter, Randomized, Non-Comparative, Double-Blind Study of Phage Therapy in Patients with Hip or Knee PJI due to *S. aureus* Treated with DAIR and Antibiotic Therapy

Inclusion Criteria

1. *S. aureus* monomicrobial knee or hip PJI with clinical signs of infection with indication of DAIR and Suppressive Antibiotics Therapy (SAT).
2. Phagogram displaying the susceptibility of the strain to at least one of the anti-*Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophages

Primary Objective

To estimate the rate of clinical control of infection at Week 12 \pm 2 which will allow to calculate the sample size for future comparative studies.



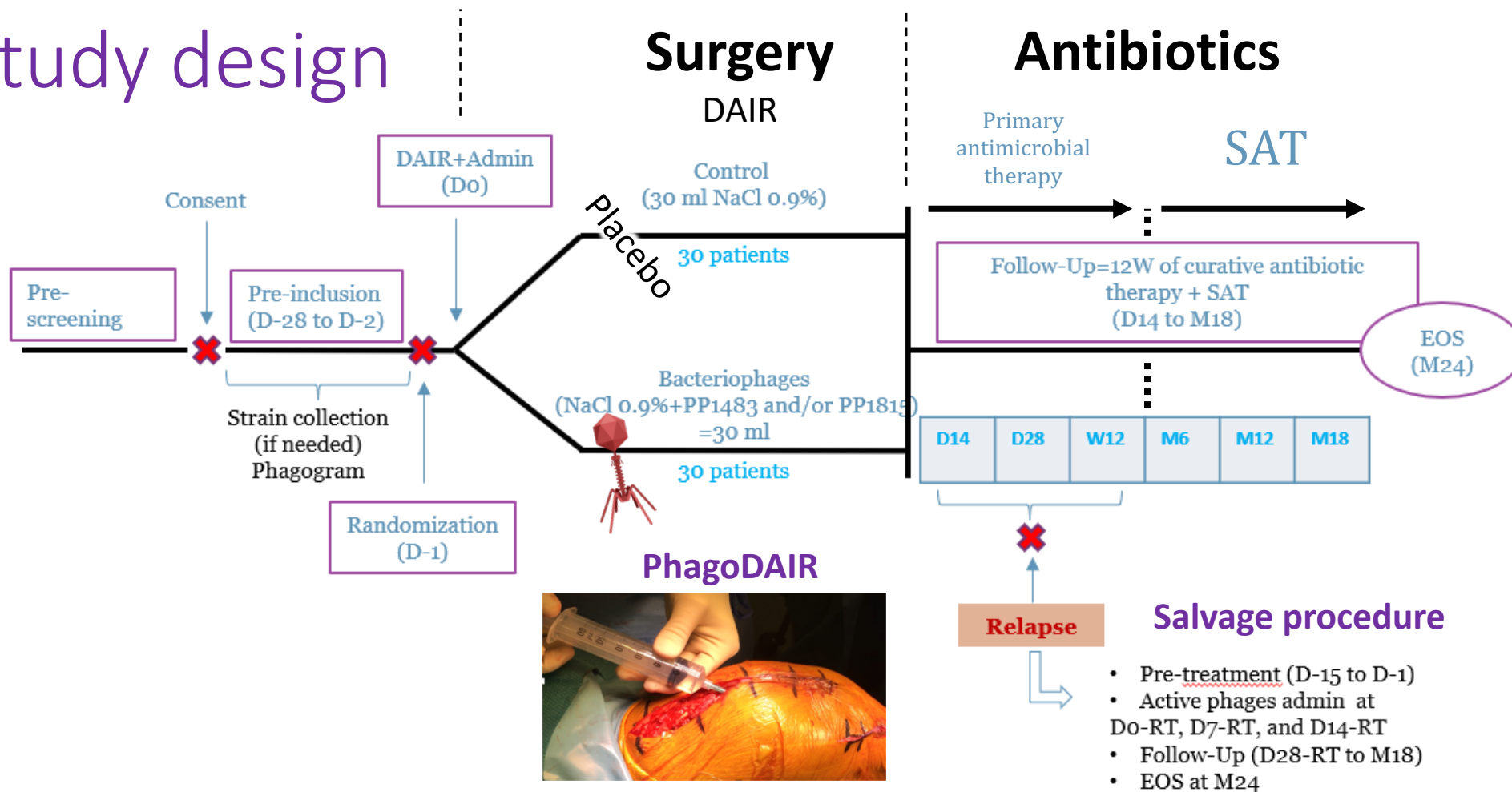
PHAXIAM

Ex-  **PHERECYDES**
PHARMA

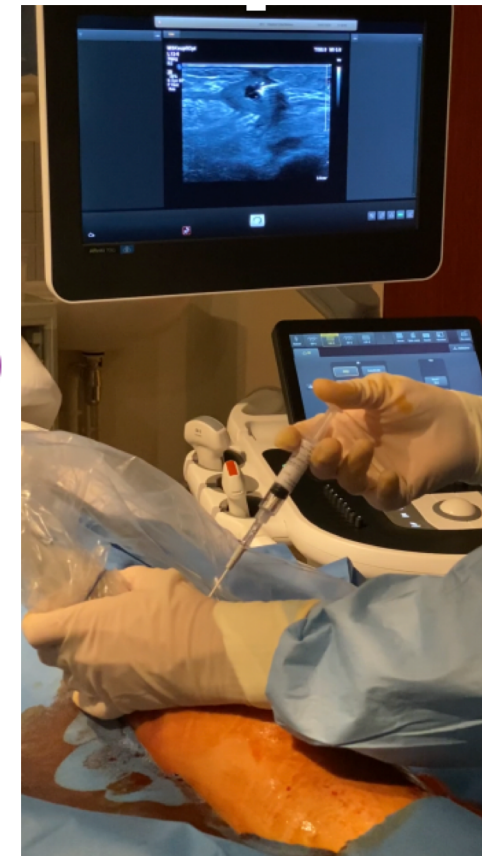
PhagoDAIR I

A Pilot, Multicenter, Randomized, Non-Comparative, Double-Blind Study of
Phage Therapy in Patients with Hip or Knee PJI due to *S. aureus*
Treated with DAIR and Antibiotic Therapy

Study design



Salvage procedure



Phage Therapy for Limb-threatening Prosthetic Knee *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Infection: Case Report and In Vitro Characterization of Anti-biofilm Activity

Edison J. Cano,^{1,2} Katherine M. Caflish,^{2,3} Paul L. Bollyky,⁴ Jonas D. Van Belleghem,⁴ Robin Patel,^{1,2,5} Joseph Fackler,⁶ Michael J. Brownstein,⁶ Bri'Anna Horne,⁶ Biswajit Biswas,⁷ Matthew Henry,^{7,8} Francisco Malagon,⁷ David G. Lewallen,⁹ and Gina A. Suh¹

¹Division of Infectious Diseases, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, USA, ²Infectious Diseases Research Laboratory, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, USA, ³Department of Molecular Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, USA, ⁴Division of Infectious Diseases and Geographic Medicine, Department of Medicine, Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, California, USA, ⁵Division of Clinical Microbiology, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, USA, ⁶Adaptive Phage Therapeutics, Gaithersburg, Maryland, USA, ⁷Genomics and Bioinformatics Department, Biological Defense Research Directorate, Naval Medical Research Center-Frederick, Fort Detrick, Maryland, USA, ⁸Geneva Foundation, Tacoma, Washington, USA, and ⁹Department of Orthopedic Surgery, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, USA

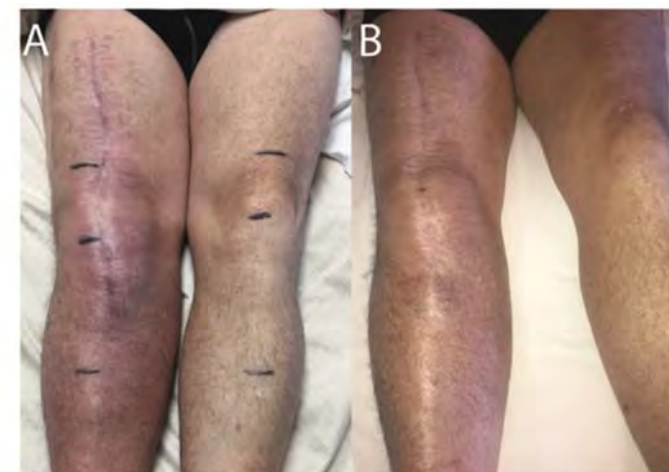


Figure 3. Phage therapy resulted in reduced erythema and swelling. Images are shown of the patient's lower extremities (A) before and (B) after completion of phage therapy.

NO SURGERY! 40 doses of exclusive INTRAVENOUS phages (1 injection each weekday)




pharmaceuticals

2021



Case Report

Successful Treatment of a Recalcitrant *Staphylococcus epidermidis* Prosthetic Knee Infection with Intraoperative Bacteriophage Therapy

James B. Doub^{1,*}, Vincent Y. Ng², Eleanor Wilson¹, Lorenzo Corsini³  and Benjamin K. Chan⁴

Single LOCAL injection during DAIR



A Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Multicenter Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of Phage Therapy Versus Placebo in Conjunction With DAIR in Patients With Chronic Prosthetic Joint Infection Who Previously Failed Surgery for PJI



An Open-Label Multicenter Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of PhageBank™ Phage Therapy in Conjunction With Debridement, Antibiotics, and Implant Retention (DAIR) for Patients With First Time Culture Proven Chronic Prosthetic Joint Infection



A Pilot, Multicenter, Randomized, Non-Comparative, Double-Blind Study of Phage Therapy in Patients with Hip or Knee PJI due to *S. aureus* Treated with DAIR and Antibiotic Therapy



Etc.

Clinical case (3rd treated patient)

Arthroscopic DAIR with phages to salvage
P. aeruginosa prosthetic knee infection

88-year-old man

Relapsing *P. aeruginosa* prosthetic left
knee infection

End-stage cardiac failure

Contraindicated to open DAIR



PHAGE_{in}LYON



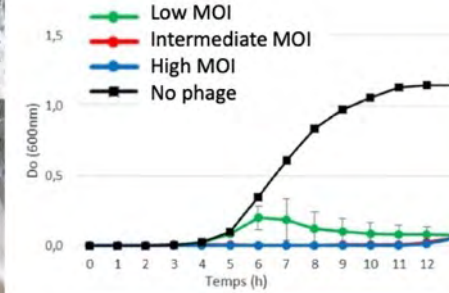
A



Left PKI with purulent
joint effusion

B

Phage 1450



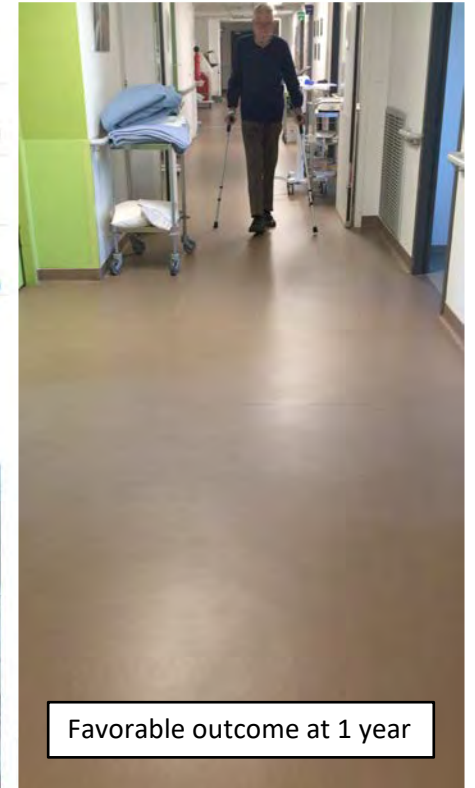
Phagogram (Killing assay)



Arthroscopic DAIR

C

D

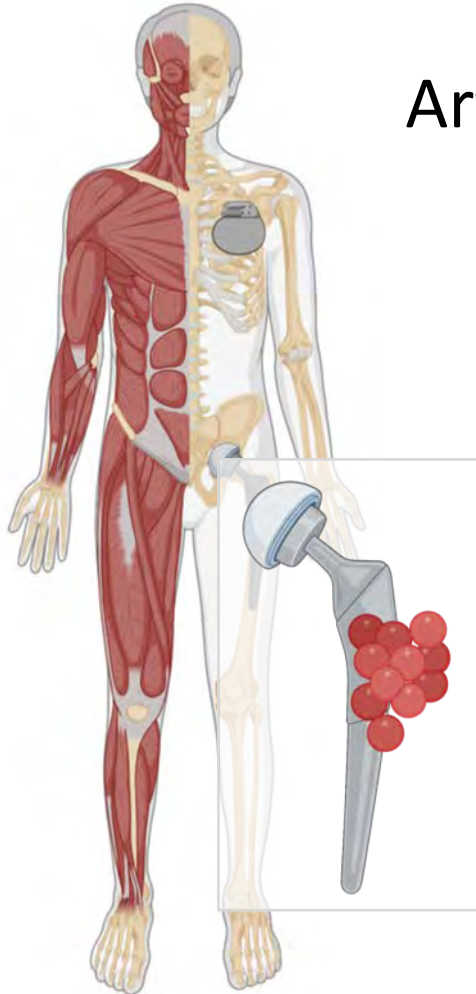


Favorable outcome at 1 year

PHAGEⁱⁿ **LYON** *Clinic*

Arthroscopic or open

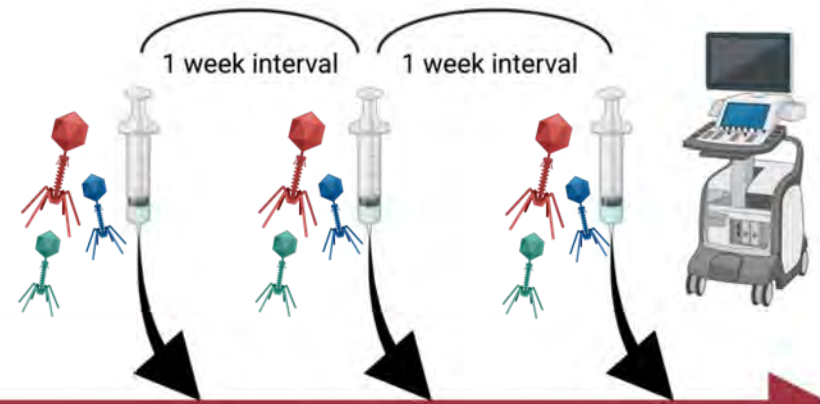
DAIR



in case of relapse

OR if no DAIR could be performed

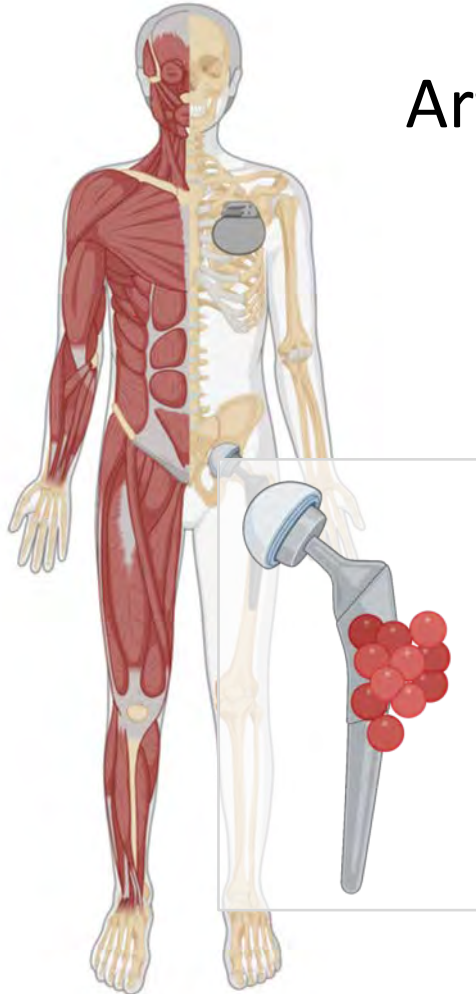
OR after DAIR if no phages were available at the time of the DAIR



PHAGEⁱⁿLYON *Clinic*

Arthroscopic or open

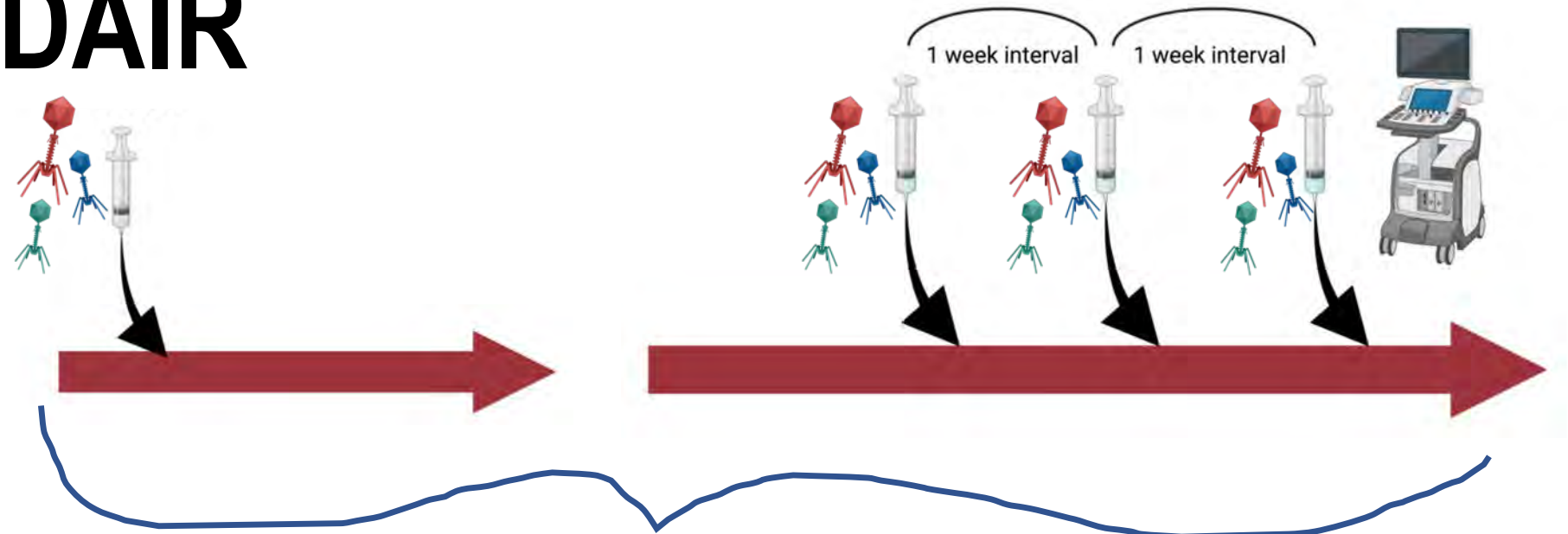
DAIR



in case of relapse

OR if no DAIR could be performed

OR after DAIR if no phages were available at the time of the DAIR

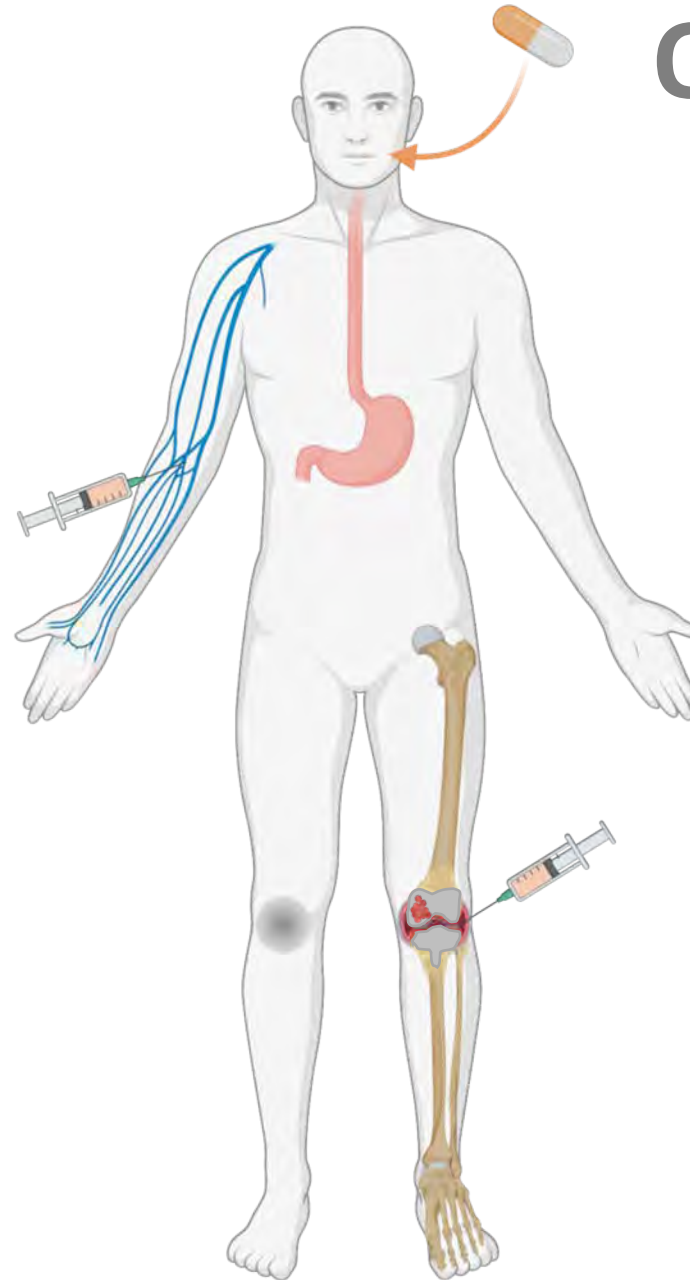


Combination of both
+ daily intravenous injections



Is PJI treatment
a threesom?

IV antibiotics
IV phages



Oral antibiotics

Local therapy

Surgery

No surgery

Arthroscopic DAIR

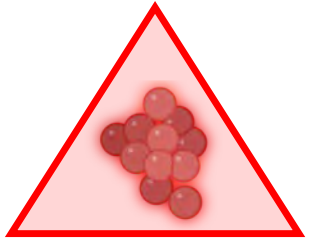
Open DAIR (SoC)

Prosthesis exchange (SoC)

Local phages



A large panel of severe bacterial infections



Central nervous system infections

Implant-associated meningitis

Lung infections

Ventilator-associated pneumonia

Exacerbation in cystic fibrosis

Exacerbations in bronchiectasis

Urinary tract infections

Pyelonephritis

Ureteral stent-associated infection



Cardiovascular infections

Endocarditis

Cardiac electronic device infection

Prosthetic-valve endocarditis

Vascular graft infection

Muskuloskeletal infections

Wound infection

Osteomyelitis, fracture-related infection

Implant-associated bone and joint infection

Prosthetic joint infection

Digestive-tract infection

Typhoid fever, shigellosis

Cholera

Clinical case (12th treated patient)

74-year-old man

Melanoma treated with anti-PD1

Catheter-related *P. aeruginosa* bacteriemia in January 2018

Spinal pain summer 2018

Spondylodiscitis with **spinal abscess**

Pandrug-resistant *P. aeruginosa* in culture!



Clinical case (12th treated patient)

74-year-old man

Melanoma treated with anti-PD1

Catheter-related *P. aeruginosa* bacteriemia in January 2018

Spinal pain summer 2018

Spondylodiscitis with spinal

Pandrug-resistant

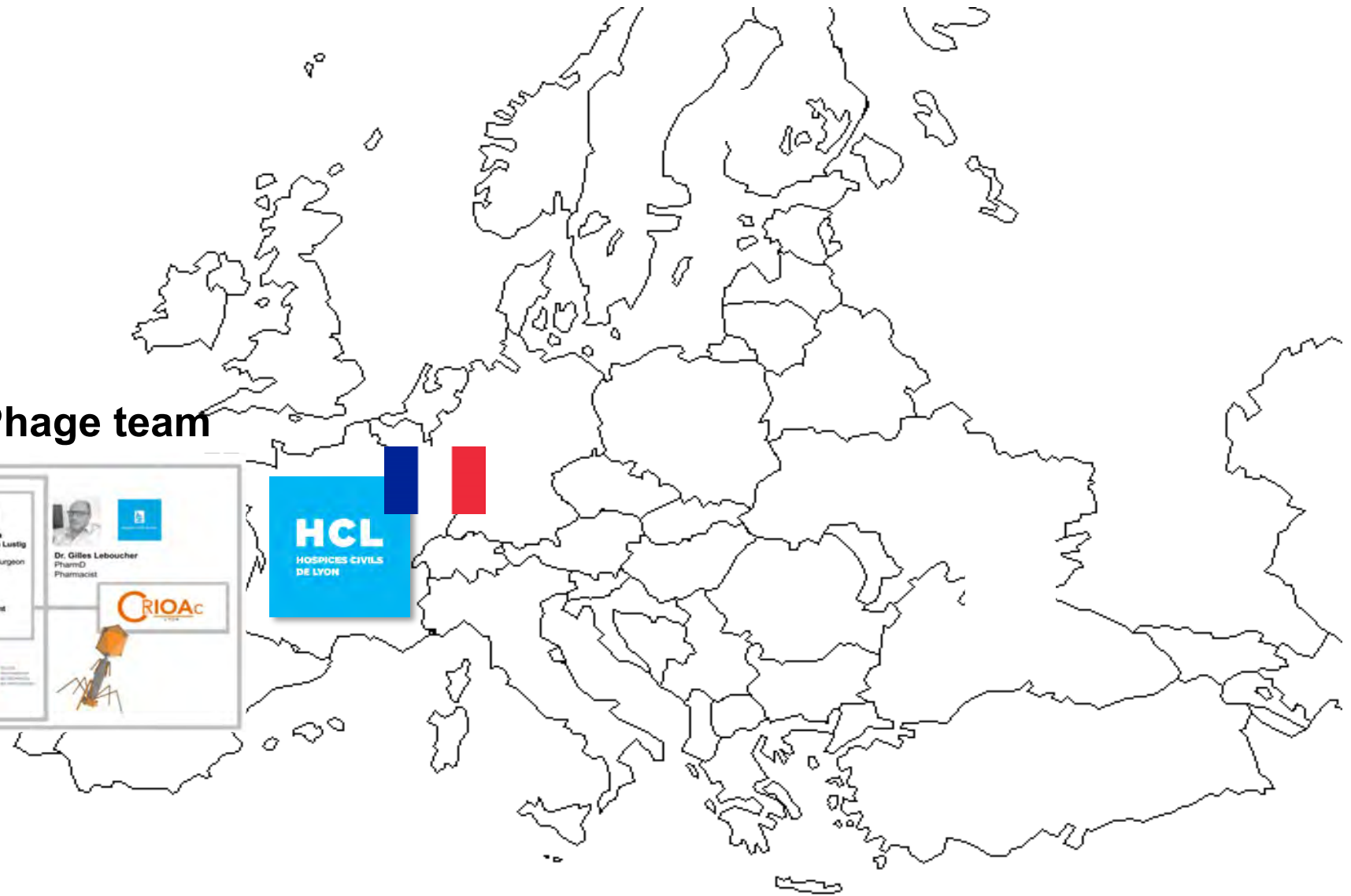
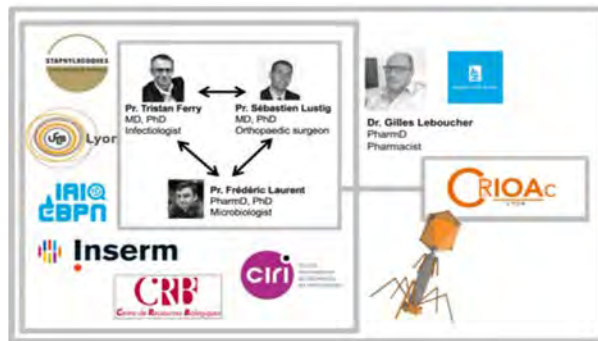
The strain was also spontaneously resistant to bacteriophages !!!

<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> CMI (mg/l)	
Ticarcilline + Ac. Clav	R (> 64)
Pipéracilline	R (> 64)
Pipéracilline + Tazobactam	R (> 64)
Ceftazidime	R (> 32)
Céfépime	R (> 32)
Aztréonam	R (> 32)
Imipénème	R (> 8)
Meropenème	R (> 8)
Gentamicine	R (> 8)
Tobramycine	R (> 8)
Amikacine	R (> 32)
Ciprofloxacine	R (> 2)
Flévoxacine	R (> 4)
Isotrizoxazole	R
Colistiméthate	S (8) ⇒ R
E-test : 1	⇒ R
R	
E-test : > 256	
R	
E-test : 64	



Unique European academic collaboration

Lyon Phage team



Under the supervision of

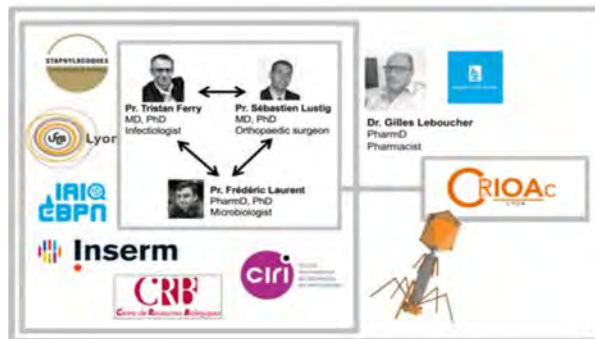


French Health Authority

Unique European academic collaboration



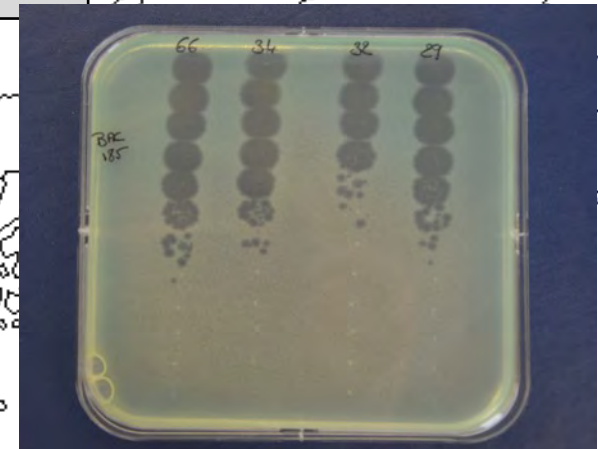
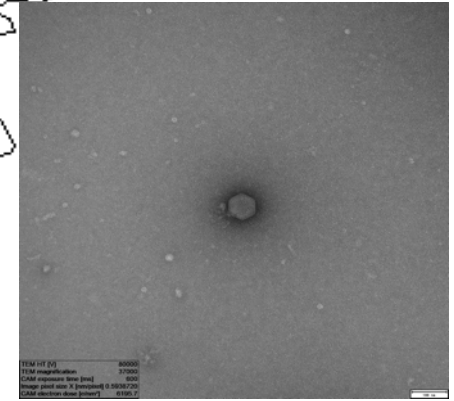
Lyon Phage team



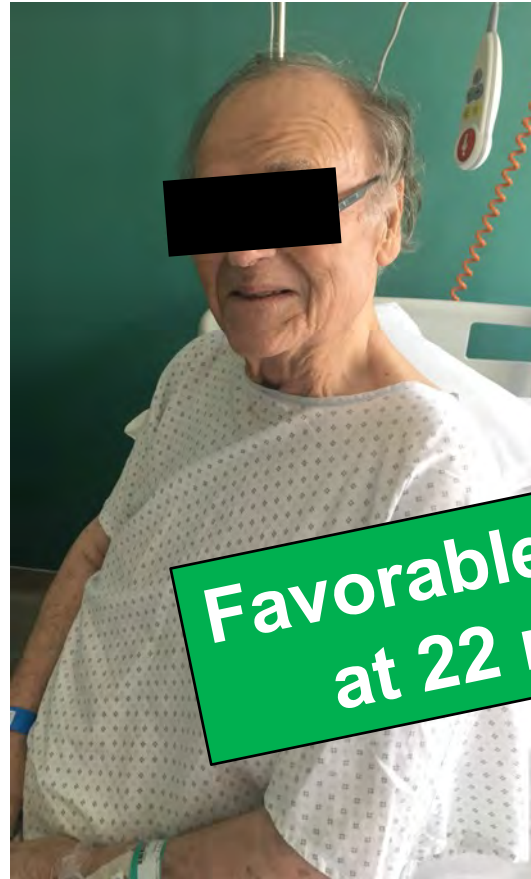
Jean-Paul Pirnay



Gregory Resch



Unique European academic collaboration



**Favorable outcome
at 22 months**



T. FERRY et al. 2022



Under the supervision of



French Health Authority

Conclusions: Personalized phage therapy is a potential adjuvant treatment for patients with complex BJI due to pandrug-resistant bacteria. **In addition to industrial phages under development, academic collaborative research is crucial to develop personalized phage therapy.**

Implementation of a Phage Therapy Center in a CRIOAc

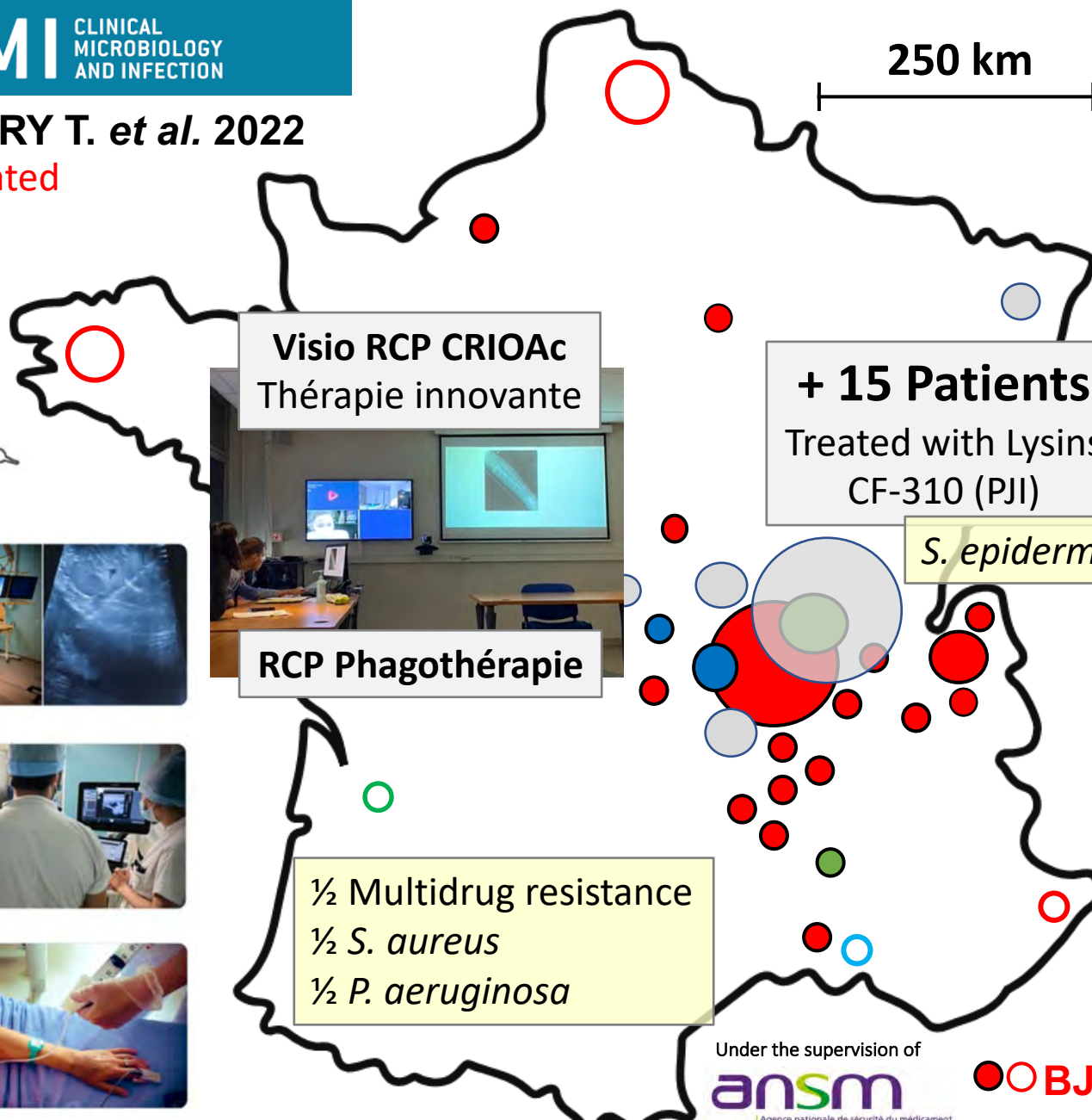
CMI CLINICAL
MICROBIOLOGY
AND INFECTION

FERRY T. *et al.* 2022

Updated



PHAGE*in***LYON**



53 patients in Lyon since 2017

~80% of the whole patients treated in France



• 50 with phages from **PHERECYDES PHARMA**

• 3 with phages from **MHKA HMRA**



• 42 **BJI** (including 34 **PJI**)
• 8 **endocarditis/vascular graft/**
cardiac electronic device infection



• 3 **lung infections** (VAP + bacteremia,
pneumonia in lung graft bronchiectasia,
cystic fibrosis exacerbation)



+ 11 patients managed outside Lyon ○
including 1 in and 1 in

Under the supervision of



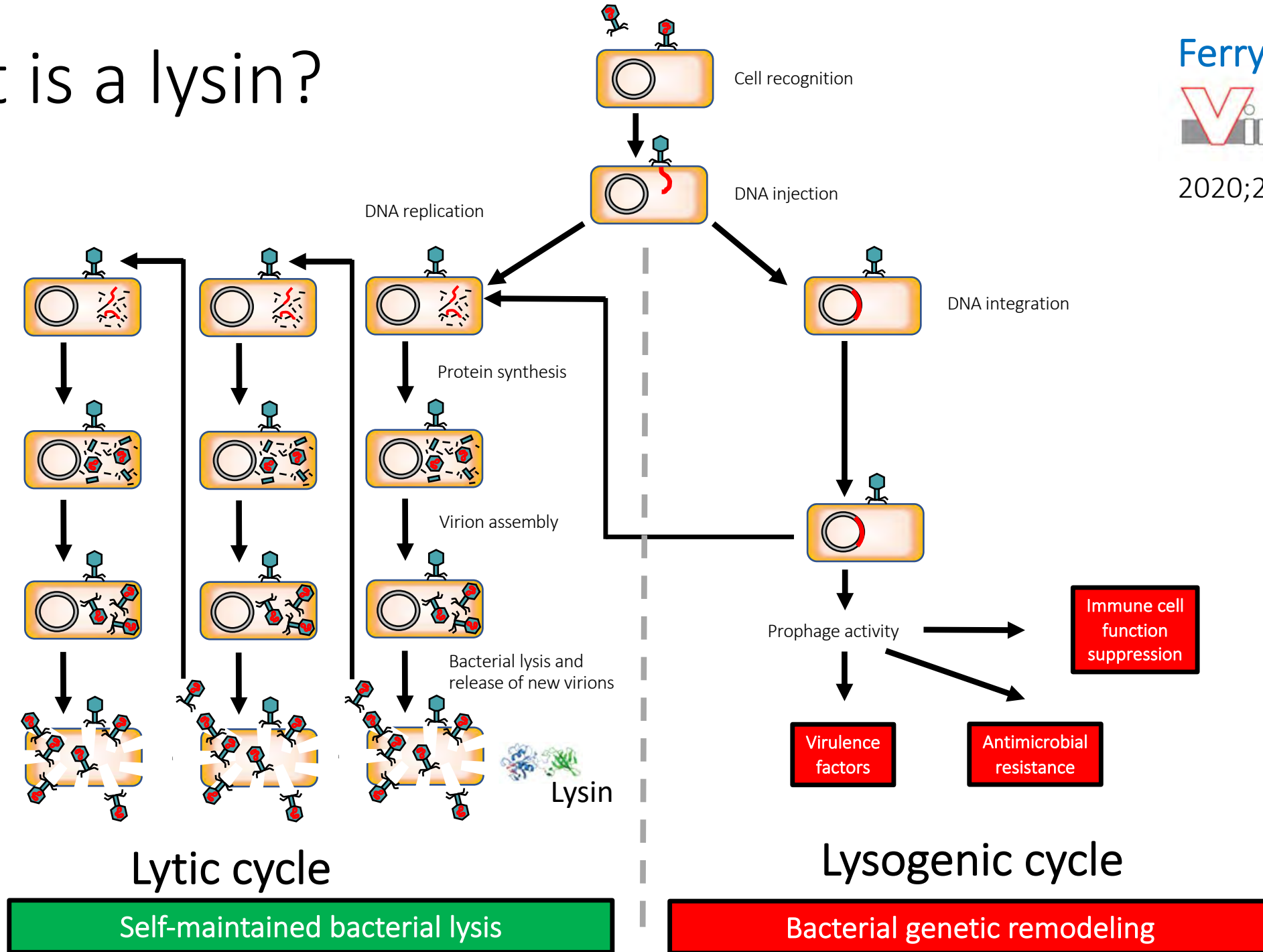
●○ **BJI**

●○ **Endocarditis**

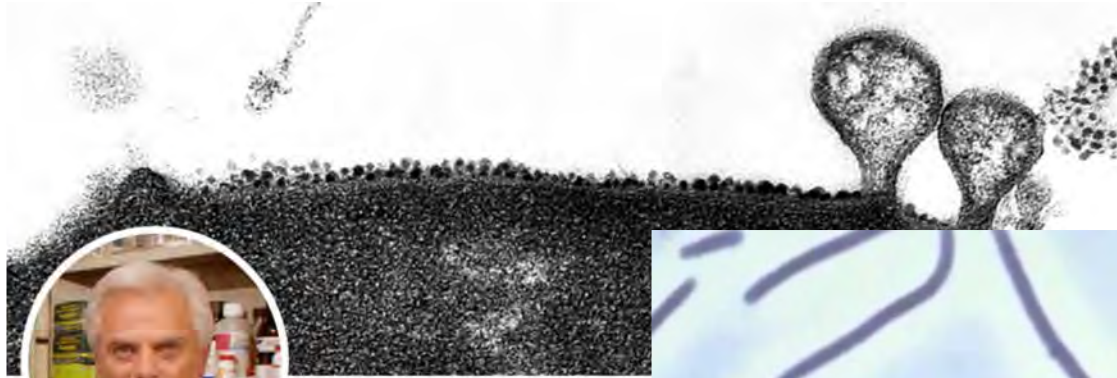
●○ **Pneumonia**

●○ **Burn**

What is a lysin?



What is a lysin?



Vincent A Fischetti
@microbephage



Tristan Ferry Lyon University Hospitals
@FerryLyon

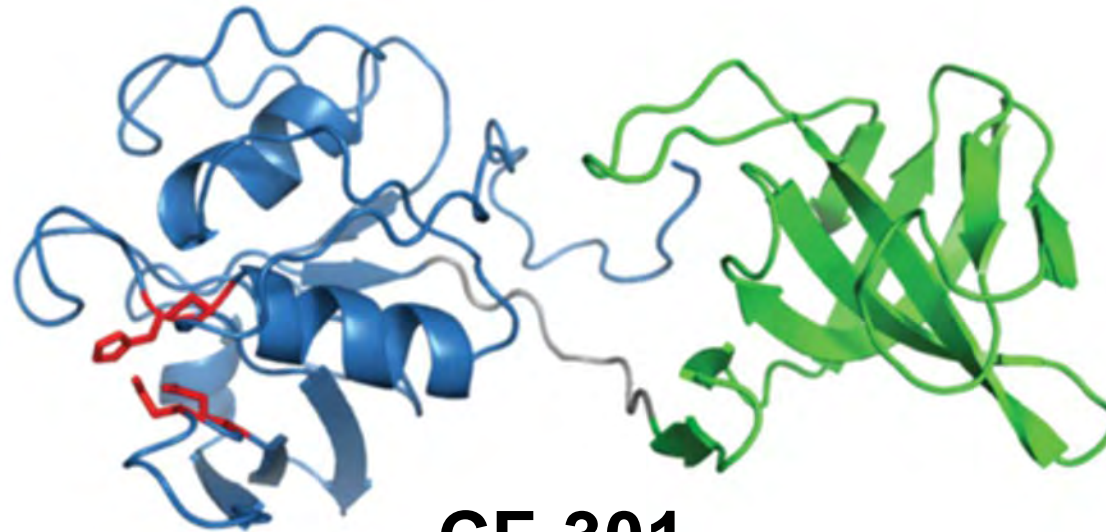
Incredible talk of Pr. Vincent A. Fischetti [@microbephage](#) @IDWeek2019 about the great potential of [#bacteriophage](#) [#lysins](#) to induce bacterial explosion... and disappearance! It's good to hear that he discovered lysins that are active against [#multidrugresistant](#) [#ESKAPE](#) pathogens!



Combination Therapy With Lysin CF-301 and Antibiotic Is Superior to Antibiotic Alone for Treating Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*–Induced Murine Bacteremia

Raymond Schuch,¹ Han M. Lee,¹ Brent C. Schneider,¹ Karen L. Sauve,¹ Christina Law,¹ Babar K. Khan,¹ Jimmy A. Rotolo,¹ Yuki Horiuchi,¹ Daniel E. Couto,¹ Assaf Raz,² Vincent A. Fischetti,² David B. Huang,¹ Robert C. Nowinski,¹ and Michael Wittekind¹

¹ContraFect Corporation, Yonkers, NY, and ²Department of Bacterial Pathogenesis and Immunology, The Rockefeller University, New York, New York



CF-301

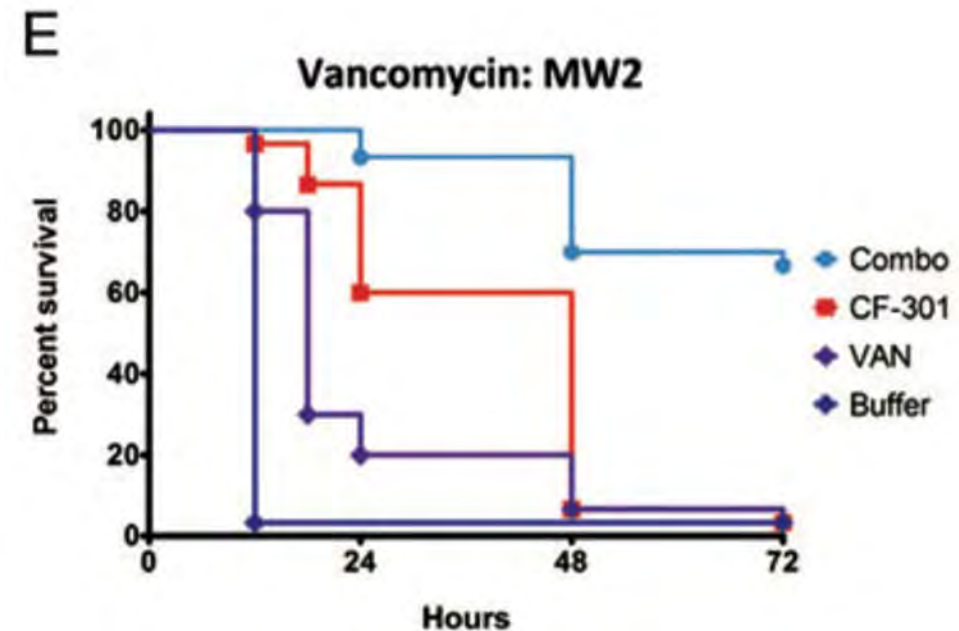
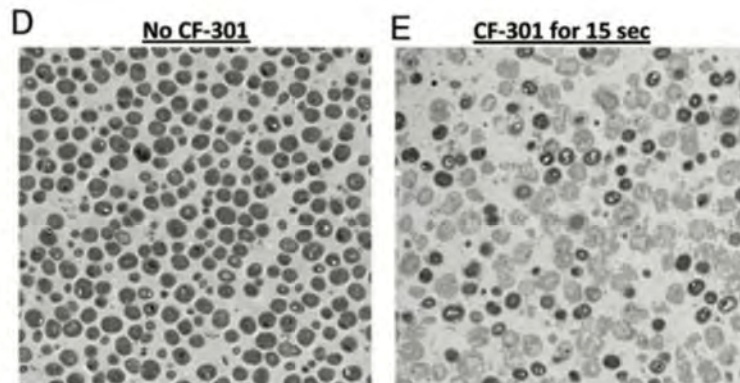
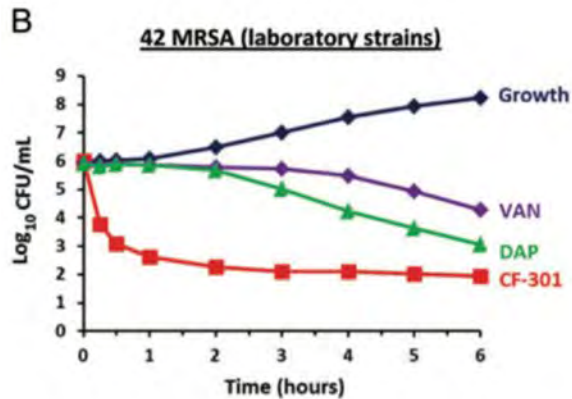
CF-301 is a lysin from a *S. aureus* phage

Broader spectrum of activity: against *S. aureus*, but also against coagulase-negative staphylococci

Combination Therapy With Lysin CF-301 and Antibiotic Is Superior to Antibiotic Alone for Treating Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*–Induced Murine Bacteremia

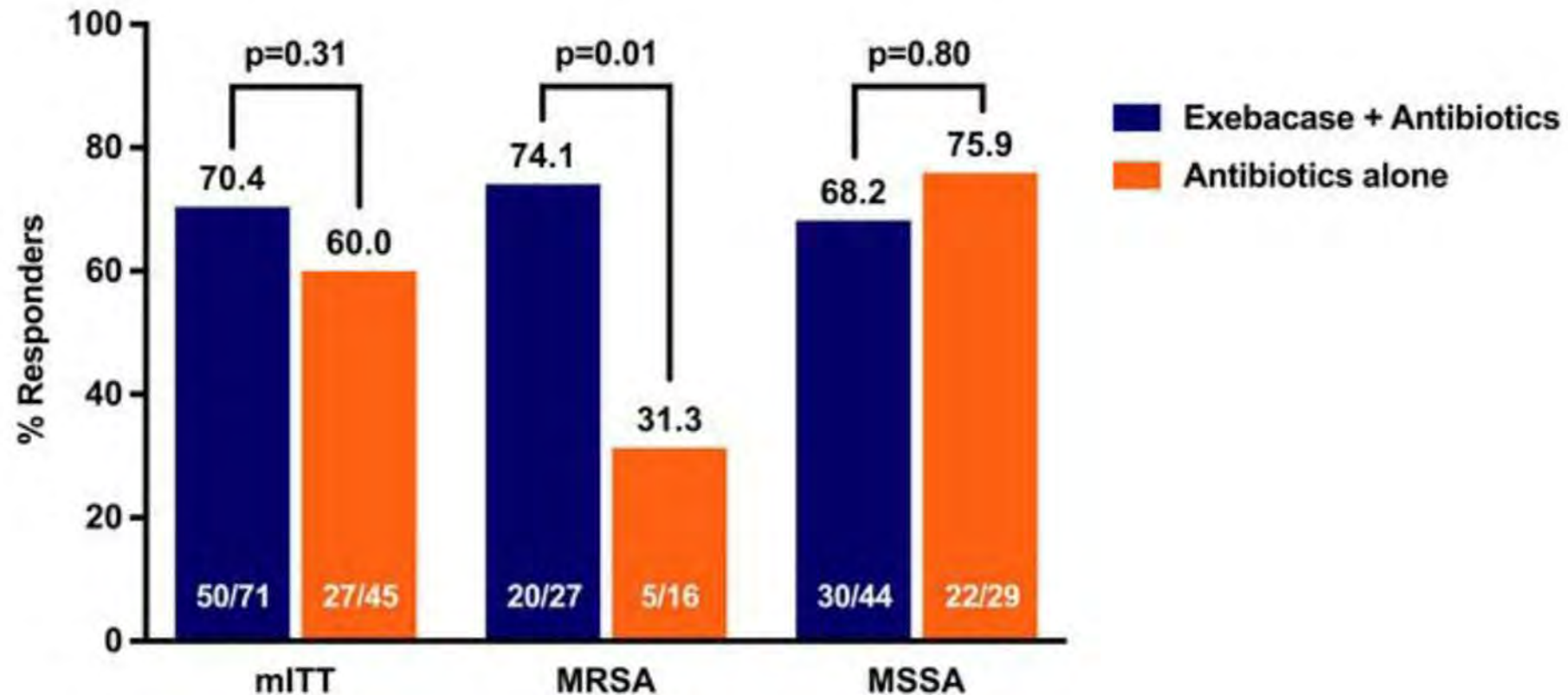
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¹ContraFect Corporation, Yonkers, NY, and ²Department of Bacterial Pathogenesis and Immunology, The Rockefeller University, New York, New York



Exebacase for patients with *Staphylococcus aureus* bloodstream infection and endocarditis

Vance G. Fowler Jr.,^{1,2} Anita F. Das,³ Joy Lipka-Diamond,⁴ Raymond Schuch,⁵ Roger Pomerantz,⁵ Luis Jáuregui-Peredo,⁶ Adam Bressler,⁷ David Evans,⁸ Gregory J. Moran,⁹ Mark E. Rupp,¹⁰ Robert Wise,¹¹ G. Ralph Corey,¹ Marcus Zervos,¹² Pamela S. Douglas,^{1,2} and Cara Cassino⁵

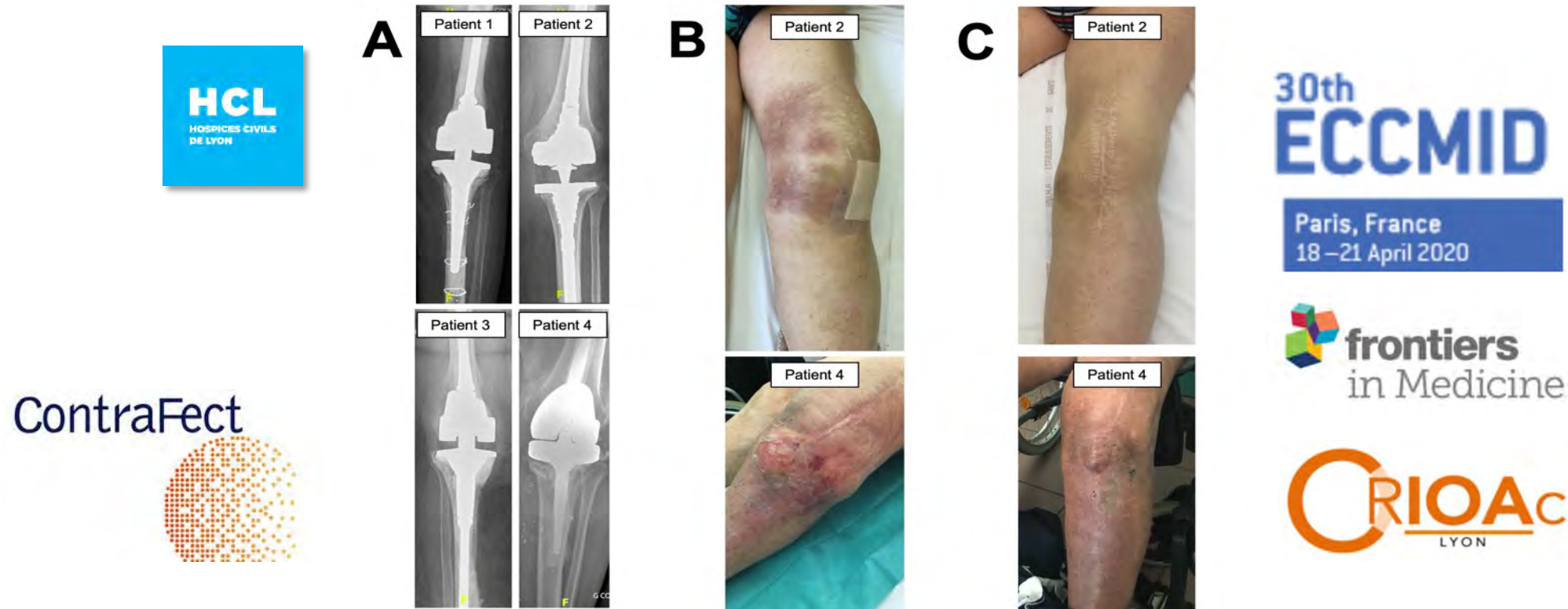


Arthroscopic debridement, antibiotic and implant retention (DAIR) with local administration of Exebacase (Lysin CF-301) (LysinDAIR) followed by suppressive tedizolid as salvage therapy in elderly patients for relapsing multidrug-resistant *Staphylococcus epidermidis* prosthetic knee infection

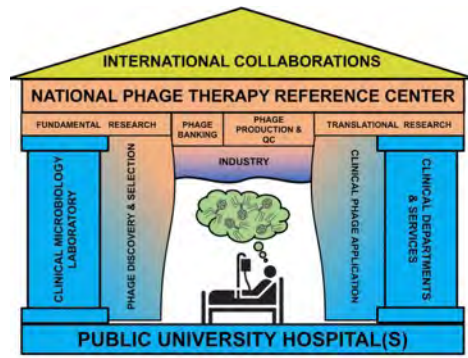


Conclusions: Exebacase has the potential to be used as salvage therapy during arthroscopic DAIR in patients with relapsing MDR *S. epidermidis* PKI, to improve the efficacy of suppressive antibiotics, and to avoid considerable loss of function.

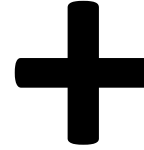
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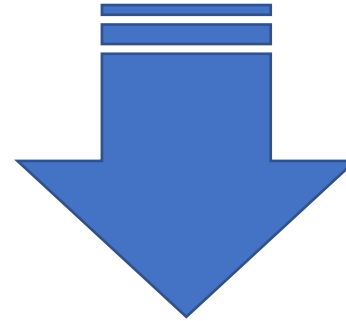
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Phage therapy center



Referral center complex BJI



Phages from the industry
Phages from academic
Lysins from the industry

Dedicated referral activity
Significant number of patients
Relevant clinical situations



Significant level of
Scientific evidence

Disruptive approach

Individual
patient benefit





P Bone and joint infections: Lyon becomes the national expert center for phage therapy HCR.REFERENCE-IOA@chu-lyon.fr

The reference center for complex bone and joint infections, based at the Hospices Civils de Lyon, will centralize all requests concerning this last resort treatment, using viruses against resistant bacteria.

Le Progrès - 23 Feb. 2023 at 17:51 | updated 23 Feb. 2023 at 18:08 - Reading time: 2 min



National online
multidisciplinary meetings



Dedicated to innovative
anti-infective therapies



PHAGEⁱⁿ **LYON** *Clinic*



Photo: Tristan Ferry



Infectious diseases department

Clinical development

Multidisciplinary meetings

Identifying relevant indications

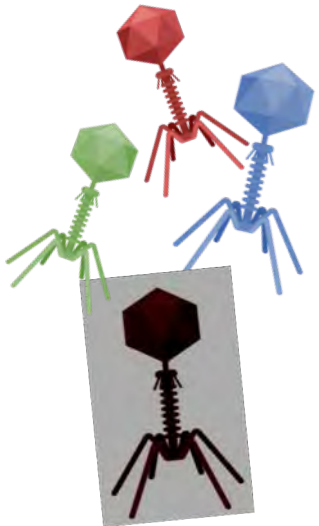
Managing the patient

Compassionate use

Cohort studies

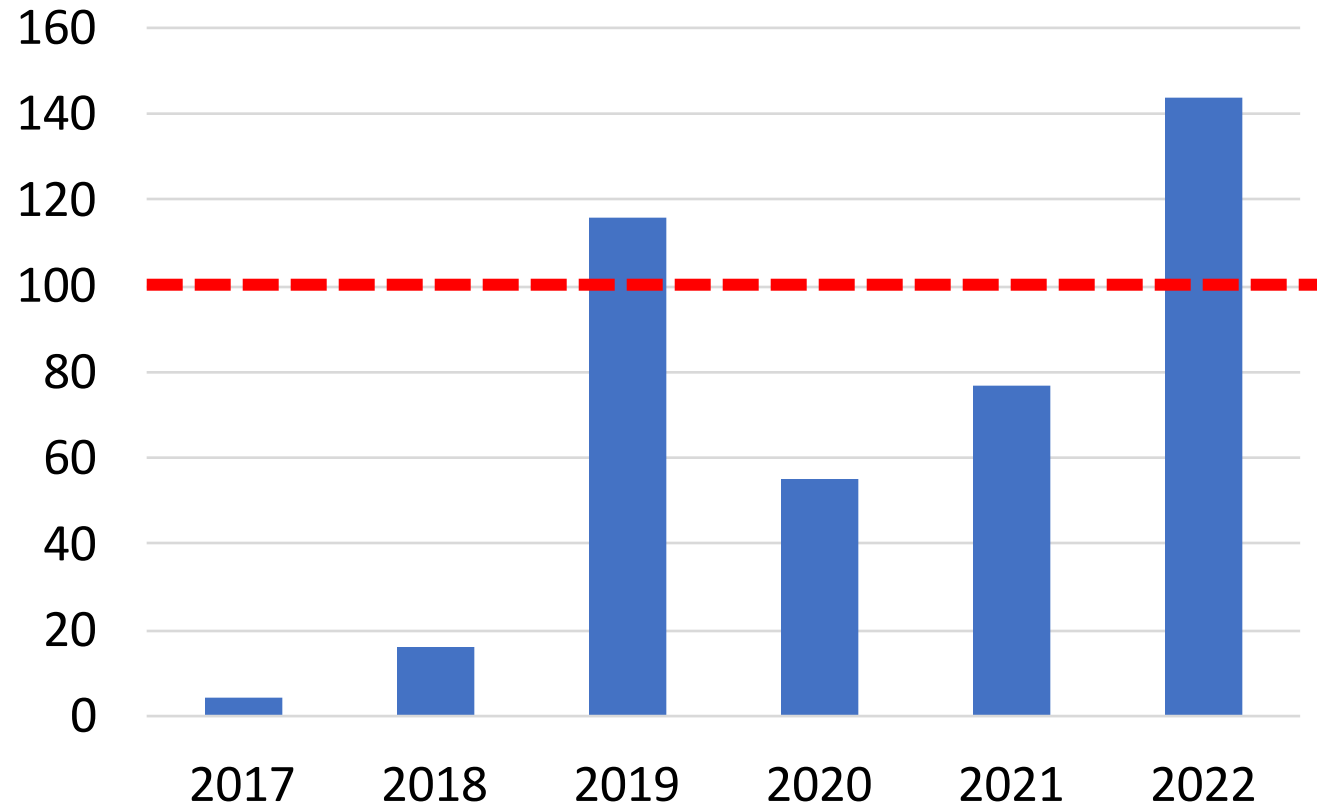
Pharmacokinetic in humans

Clinical trials



Phage requests

PHAGEⁱⁿLYON
Clinic



Involved bacteria

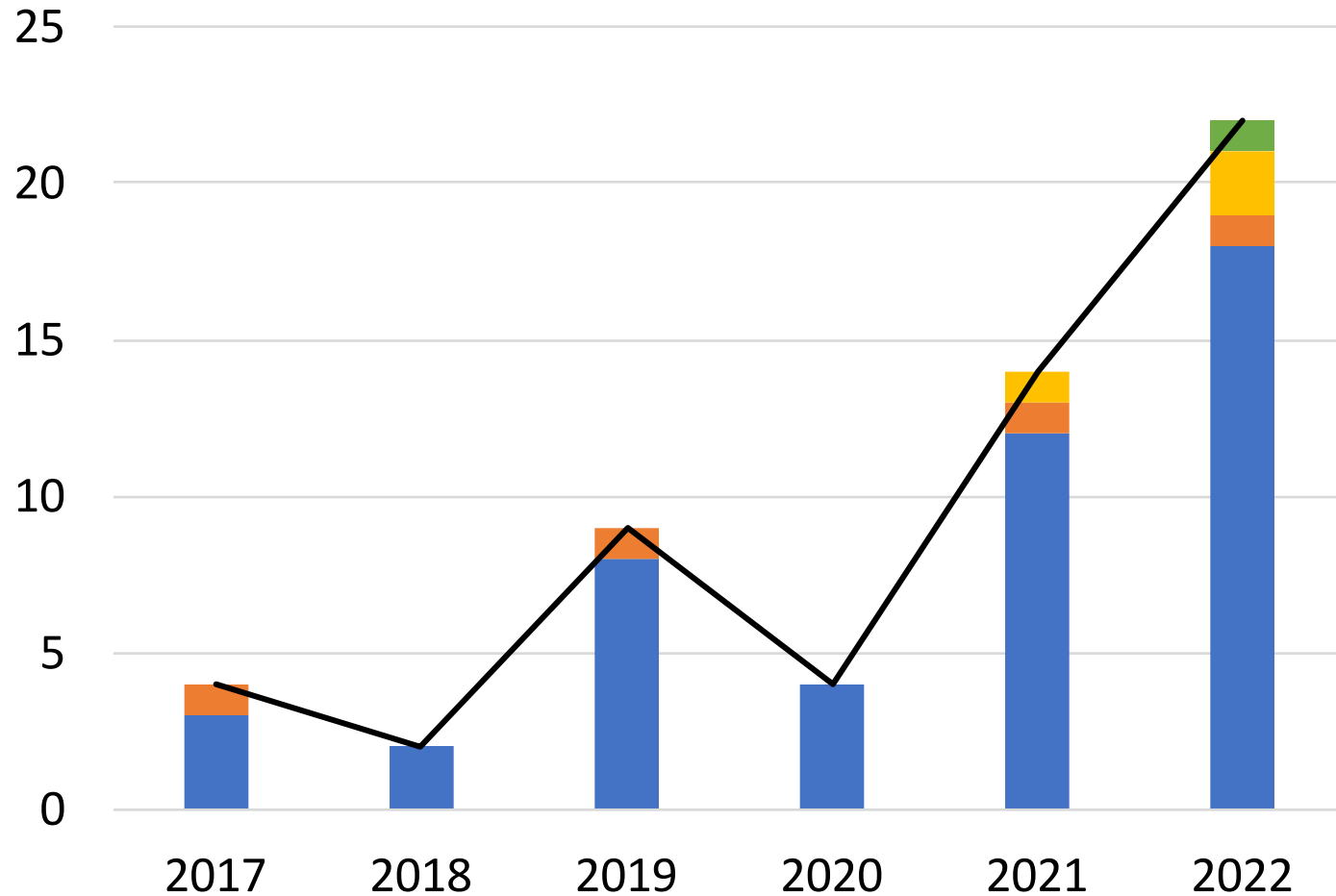
32 % *Staphylococcus aureus*
16 % *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*
6 % *Staphylococcus epidermidis*

Type of infection

37% Prosthetic-joint infection
27% Other bone and joint infection
8% Lung infection

Source : T. Ferry

Treated patients



PHAGE_{in}**LYON**
Clinic

- Bone and joint
- Endocarditis
- Other
- Lung
- Vascular graft infection

Source : T. Ferry

P Bone and joint infections: Lyon becomes the national expert center for phage therapy

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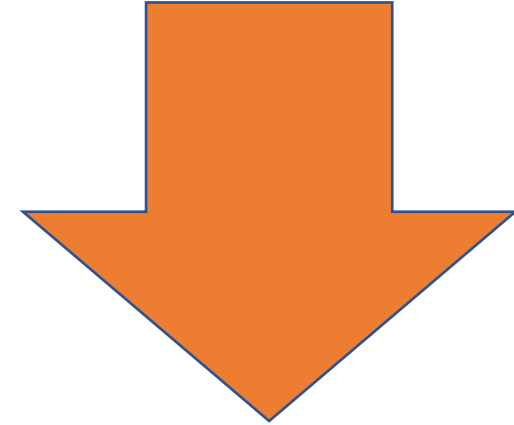


<https://www.chu-lyon.fr/phagothérapie-bacteriophage>



Les HCL

Offre de soins



[Accueil](#) > [Fiches Santé](#) > [Phagothérapie \(Bactériophage\)](#)

Phagothérapie (Bactériophage)

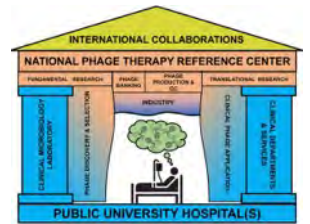
La phagothérapie consiste à produire des bactériophages spécifiques et à les utiliser pour une infection bactérienne.

- **Vous êtes professionnel de santé** et souhaitez faire une demande d'avis pour un patient, les demandes d'avis s'effectuent via la [messagerie sécurisée de santé MonSisra](#).
- **Vous êtes patient** et souhaitez faire une demande d'avis, [compléter le formulaire de demande sur myHCL](#).

Conclusion

- La phagothérapie est une **thérapie innovante et réémergente**
- Indications paraissant pertinentes : infections pulmonaires, endocardites sur prothèse valvulaire, IOAc dont les infections de prothèse articulaire
- En ADJUVANT à l'antibiothérapie (et potentiellement la chirurgie)
- Modalités d'administration doivent être personnalisées en fonction de l'expérience clinique, des phages à disposition et de la présentation clinique
- Nécessité d'une **mission nationale « CRIOAc thérapie innovante »**
 - Pour valider les indications pertinentes de phages/lysines dans les IOA
 - Pour orienter les prises en charge vers les essais thérapeutiques
 - Ou enfin pour orienter et accompagner le recours à des phages en « compassionnel » (nécessité d'une mission nationale « **RCP Phagothérapie** » pour préciser les modalités)
- Poser les jalons d'un centre national de phagothérapie
- Conception et réalisation d'essais thérapeutiques

GHN.avis-phagotherapie@chu-lyon.fr



THE MYTHOLOGY
OF PHAGE THERAPY



T. FERRY

EBM

Clinical
Trials



T. FERRY

Lyon BJI Study group



Coordinator: Tristan Ferry

Infectious Diseases Specialists – Tristan Ferry, Florent Valour, Thomas Perpoint, Florence Ader, Sandrine Roux, Agathe Becker, Claire Triffault-Fillit, Anne Conrad, Cécile Poudroux, Pierre Chauvelot, Paul Chabert, Johanna Lippman, Evelyne Braun

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PK/PD specialists – Michel Tod, Marie-Claude Gagnieu, Sylvain Goutelle;

Clinical research assistant and database manager– Eugénie Mabrut

PHAGEⁱⁿLYON Clinic

Acknowledgments to ANSM, Phaxiam, and QAMH!

Coordinator: Tristan Ferry

Tristan Ferry, Myrtille Le Bouar, Gilles Leboucher, Thomas Briot, Camille Kolenda, Tiphaine Roussel-Gaillard, Karine Dallosto





ESGNTA

European Society of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases

ESCMID STUDY GROUP
FOR NON-TRADITIONAL
ANTIBACTERIAL THERAPY

Join us!

Elected Executive Committee:

Ran Nir-Paz, Israël

Jean-Paul Pirnay, Belgium

Clinical officer: Tristan Ferry, France

Shawna Mc Callin, Switzerland

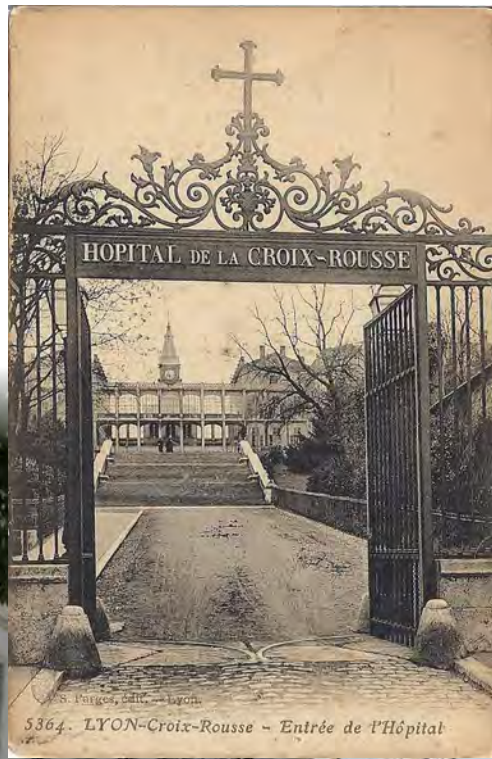
Zuzanna Drulis-kawa, Poland



ESCMID

MANAGING INFECTIONS
PROMOTING SCIENCE

Croix-Rousse Hospital



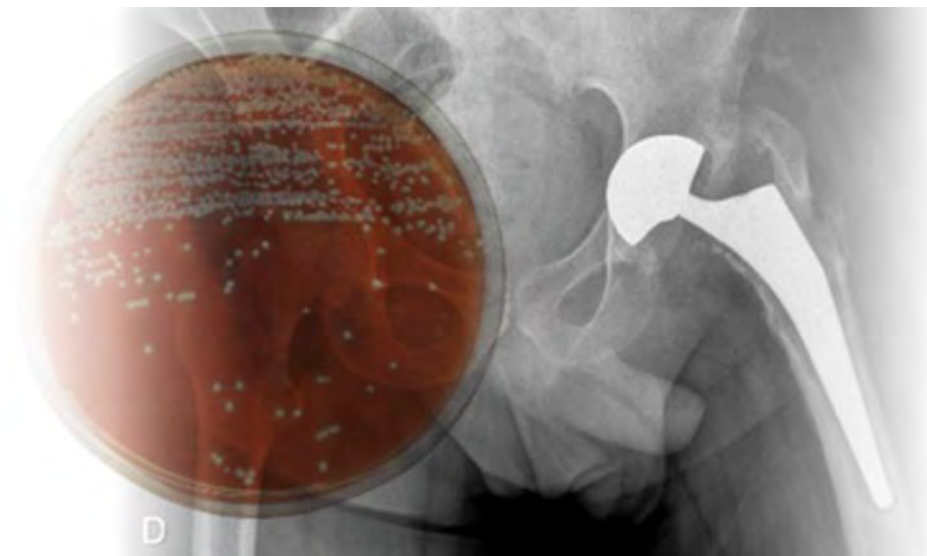
<http://www.crioac-lyon.fr/>



Lyon BJI
study CrioAc LYON group



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